



Non-Permanent Residents, as of October 1, 2025

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On October 1, 2025, a total of 1,948 non-permanent residents (NPRs) were living in Yukon, accounting for 4.0% of the total population. Nationally, NPRs accounted for 6.8% of the population on the same date.

Comparing 2025 to 2024, the proportion of NPRs as of October 1 decreased in all provinces and territories with the exception of the Northwest Territories and Nunavut, where small increases were observed.

Ontario had the highest proportional decrease (1.2 percentage points), followed by Prince Edward Island (1.1 percentage point) and British Columbia (0.9 percentage points). Yukon's change in the proportion of NPRs (-0.6 percentage points) ranked ninth among all provinces and territories.

Of the 1,948 non-permanent residents living in Yukon on October 1, 2025:

- 1,506, or 77.3%, held only work permits;
- 251, or 12.9%, held only study permits;
- 62, or 3.2%, held both work and study permits;
- 75, or 3.9%, were in other categories, mainly family members living with permit holders; and
- 54, or 2.8%, were asylum claimants.

Non-permanent resident population growth and proportion of total population, Canada, provinces and territories, October 1st 2024 to October 1st 2025

	Non-permanent resident population			Non-permanent resident proportion of total population		
	October 1, 2024	October 1, 2025 ^P	October 1, 2024 to October 1, 2025	October 1, 2024	October 1, 2025 ^P	October 1, 2024 to October 1, 2025
	----- Number -----		---- Change ¹ ----	--- Percent of total population ---		---- Change ¹ ----
Canada	3,149,131	2,847,737	-9.6%	7.6%	6.8%	-0.7
Newfoundland and Labrador	19,241	18,544	-3.6%	3.5%	3.4%	-0.1
Prince Edward Island	12,870	11,044	-14.2%	7.1%	6.1%	-1.1
Nova Scotia	60,663	56,083	-7.5%	5.6%	5.1%	-0.4
New Brunswick	41,405	37,656	-9.1%	4.8%	4.3%	-0.5
Quebec	568,751	546,323	-3.9%	6.3%	6.0%	-0.3
Ontario	1,476,059	1,283,070	-13.1%	9.1%	7.9%	-1.2
Manitoba	94,767	84,278	-11.1%	6.3%	5.6%	-0.7
Saskatchewan	51,536	47,503	-7.8%	4.1%	3.8%	-0.3
Alberta	288,227	281,857	-2.2%	5.8%	5.6%	-0.2
British Columbia	532,149	478,121	-10.2%	9.3%	8.4%	-0.9
Yukon	2,218	1,948	-12.2%	4.6%	4.0%	-0.6
Northwest Territories	982	1,015	3.4%	2.2%	2.2%	0.1
Nunavut	263	295	12.2%	0.6%	0.7%	0.1

^P = preliminary data

¹ 'Change' is measured in percent, or percentage points, where applicable. Percentage points are the actual numerical difference between two percentages, such as: 10.0% - 8.2% = 1.8 percentage points. Change in percentage points is based on unrounded percentages.



Note to readers:

- A non-permanent resident refers to a person from another country with a usual place of residence in Canada and who has a work or study permit, or who has claimed refugee status (asylum claimants, protected persons and related groups). Family members living with work or study permit holders are also included unless these family members are already Canadian citizens, landed immigrants (permanent residents), or non-permanent residents themselves.
- In Statistics Canada's Demographic Estimates Program, the terms non-permanent resident and temporary immigrant are used interchangeably. Caution should be used when comparing data related to non-permanent residents from the Statistics Canada's Demographic Estimates Program and data on temporary residents from Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada (IRCC) since these populations are not fully comparable.
- Population figures are based on estimates by Statistics Canada. These figures may differ from Yukon Bureau of Statistics population estimates due to methodological differences.