

## Payroll Employment, Earnings and Job vacancies, April 2026

June 25, 2026

### Payroll employment

Preliminary **seasonally adjusted** estimates show that in April 2026, Yukon had 26,839 jobs<sup>1</sup>, an increase of 1,726 jobs, or 6.9%, compared to April 2025 (25,113). Compared to March 2026, the number of jobs increased by 297, or 1.1%.

Comparing April 2026 to April 2025, the number of jobs in goods producing industries increased by 708, and services producing industries accounted for an increase of 903 jobs. Of the sectors for which data are available for Yukon, the largest increases<sup>2</sup> were in *Public administration*<sup>3</sup> (514 jobs), followed by *Transportation and warehousing* (141 jobs) and *Professional, scientific and technical services* (80 jobs). The sector with the largest decrease was *Construction* (145 jobs).

### Employment for all employees<sup>1</sup>

Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Apr '25	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup>	Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup> to Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>	Apr '25 to Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>
	---- persons ----			----- change (%) -----	
<b>Canada</b>	<b>18,253,460</b>	<b>18,309,578</b>	<b>18,331,549</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>
Newfoundland and Labrador	220,389	221,031	220,396	-0.3	0.0
Prince Edward Island	78,117	77,596	77,489	-0.1	-0.8
Nova Scotia	461,093	466,227	467,383	0.2	1.4
New Brunswick	365,191	369,721	371,399	0.5	1.7
Quebec	4,073,744	4,076,621	4,075,842	0.0	0.1
Ontario	7,067,208	7,063,160	7,076,585	0.2	0.1
Manitoba	639,195	646,382	648,319	0.3	1.4
Saskatchewan	522,782	532,212	533,843	0.3	2.1
Alberta	2,179,589	2,204,952	2,207,920	0.1	1.3
British Columbia	2,571,690	2,575,465	2,575,632	0.0	0.2
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>25,113</b>	<b>26,542</b>	<b>26,839</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>6.9</b>
Northwest Territories	27,187	26,863	26,720	-0.5	-1.7
Nunavut	22,160	22,807	23,184	1.7	4.6

<sup>r</sup> = revised

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary

<sup>1</sup> The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) produces estimates from three data sources: Canada Revenue Agency payroll deduction records; the Business Payrolls Survey, and federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment records. These estimates provide detailed industry-level job numbers and complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a household survey. LFS includes self-employed people and workers on unpaid leave, while SEPH does not. Although LFS covers all industries, SEPH excludes agriculture, fishing and trapping, religious organizations, private household workers, and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently: LFS counts people with multiple jobs only once as "employed", SEPH counts each filled payroll position separately.

<sup>2</sup> Excluding *Other services (except public administration)*.

<sup>3</sup> The Public administration sector includes the federal government, provincial or territorial government, local and municipal governments, and Indigenous governments.

## Average weekly earnings

The April 2026 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon was \$1,528.24. Yukon's earnings figure increased by 3.1% compared to the figure for April 2025; Canada's figure increased by 3.8% over the same period.

## Average weekly earnings<sup>1</sup> including overtime for all employees Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	Apr '25	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup>	Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup> to Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>	Apr '25 to Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>
	---- current dollars ----			----- change (%) -----	
<b>Canada</b>	<b>1,295.90</b>	<b>1,332.83</b>	<b>1,345.79</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>3.8</b>
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,274.06	1,289.43	1,294.87	0.4	1.6
Prince Edward Island	1,128.15	1,173.50	1,161.80	-1.0	3.0
Nova Scotia	1,153.26	1,212.63	1,221.52	0.7	5.9
New Brunswick	1,177.34	1,226.82	1,256.45	2.4	6.7
Quebec	1,249.78	1,283.66	1,292.50	0.7	3.4
Ontario	1,327.88	1,367.87	1,381.76	1.0	4.1
Manitoba	1,163.19	1,218.98	1,234.99	1.3	6.2
Saskatchewan	1,258.80	1,289.43	1,297.38	0.6	3.1
Alberta	1,361.01	1,370.21	1,394.29	1.8	2.4
British Columbia	1,308.50	1,349.57	1,357.68	0.6	3.8
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>1,481.82</b>	<b>1,523.27</b>	<b>1,528.24</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>3.1</b>
Northwest Territories	1,732.71	1,738.20	1,753.13	0.9	1.2
Nunavut	1,746.96	1,871.24	1,887.89	0.9	8.1

<sup>r</sup> = revised

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary

<sup>1</sup> Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.

## Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in April 2026, Yukon had 20,385 payroll employees, an increase of 745, or 3.8%, from March 2026 (19,640).

The number of job vacancies in April 2026 (865) decreased by 260 compared to March 2026 (1,125), and the job vacancy rate in April 2026 (4.1%) decreased by 1.3 percentage points compared to March 2026 (5.4%).

## Job vacancies<sup>1</sup> and job vacancy rate Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Payroll employees <sup>2</sup>		Job vacancies <sup>3</sup>		Job vacancy rate <sup>4</sup>	
	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup>	Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup>	Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>	Mar '26 <sup>r</sup>	Apr '26 <sup>p</sup>
	---- number ----				---- percentage ----	
<b>Canada</b>	<b>17,145,850</b>	<b>17,137,065</b>	<b>492,870</b>	<b>540,270</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>3.1</b>
Newfoundland and Labrador	186,085	188,740	4,170	5,160	2.2	2.7
Prince Edward Island	64,275	63,915	2,915	2,045	4.3	3.1
Nova Scotia	431,555	436,670	13,125	13,145	3.0	2.9
New Brunswick	323,355	338,950	8,560	12,160	2.6	3.5
Quebec	3,827,000	3,792,885	108,260	128,795	2.8	3.3
Ontario	6,637,585	6,635,840	175,725	177,275	2.6	2.6
Manitoba	597,975	615,350	18,980	17,450	3.1	2.8
Saskatchewan	496,580	500,605	15,920	18,170	3.1	3.5
Alberta	2,115,115	2,081,720	63,405	70,170	2.9	3.3
British Columbia	2,407,325	2,422,535	79,500	92,890	3.2	3.7
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>19,640</b>	<b>20,385</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>865</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>4.1</b>
Northwest Territories	21,595	21,605	F	1,750	F	7.5
Nunavut	17,770	17,860	F	F	F	F

<sup>r</sup> = revised

<sup>p</sup> = preliminary

<sup>1</sup> Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

<sup>2</sup> Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

<sup>3</sup> A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

<sup>4</sup> The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.

Sources: Statistics Canada. Table: 14-10-0223-01 and 14-10-0371-01. Released on June 25, 2026.