

Payroll Employment, Earnings and Job vacancies, July 2026

September 24, 2026

Payroll employment

Preliminary **seasonally adjusted** estimates show that in July 2026, Yukon had 26,768 jobs¹, an increase of 1,384 jobs, or 5.5%, compared to July 2025 (25,384). Compared to June 2026, the number of jobs increased by 169, or 0.6%.

Comparing July 2026 to July 2025, the number of jobs in goods producing industries increased by 868, and services producing industries accounted for an increase of 402 jobs. Of the sectors for which data are available for Yukon, the largest increase² was in *Public administration*³ (378 jobs), followed by *Construction* (202 jobs) and *Transportation and warehousing* (51 jobs). The sector with the largest decrease was *Trade* (80 jobs).

Employment for all employees¹

Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '25	Jun '26 ^r	Jul '26 ^p	Jun '26 ^r to Jul '26 ^p	Jul '25 to Jul '26 ^p
	---- persons ----			----- change (%) -----	
Canada	18,288,041	18,433,782	18,459,913	0.1	0.9
Newfoundland and Labrador	222,266	224,227	224,779	0.2	1.1
Prince Edward Island	79,026	78,740	79,031	0.4	0.0
Nova Scotia	465,529	469,484	469,837	0.1	0.9
New Brunswick	365,862	372,622	374,188	0.4	2.3
Quebec	4,075,208	4,098,009	4,088,825	-0.2	0.3
Ontario	7,073,668	7,098,962	7,119,345	0.3	0.6
Manitoba	642,219	652,485	655,563	0.5	2.1
Saskatchewan	526,111	538,835	542,252	0.6	3.1
Alberta	2,196,380	2,236,011	2,241,771	0.3	2.1
British Columbia	2,566,438	2,586,914	2,586,400	0.0	0.8
Yukon	25,384	26,599	26,768	0.6	5.5
Northwest Territories	27,720	27,486	27,493	0.0	-0.8
Nunavut	22,232	23,407	23,661	1.1	6.4

^r = revised

^p = preliminary

^E = use with caution

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) produces estimates from three data sources: Canada Revenue Agency payroll deduction records; the Business Payrolls Survey, and federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment records. These estimates provide detailed industry-level job numbers and complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), a household survey. LFS includes self-employed people and workers on unpaid leave, while SEPH does not. Although LFS covers all industries, SEPH excludes agriculture, fishing and trapping, religious organizations, private household workers, and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently: LFS counts people with multiple jobs only once as "employed", SEPH counts each filled payroll position separately.

² Excluding Other services (except public administration).

³ The Public administration sector includes the federal government, provincial or territorial government, local and municipal governments, and Indigenous governments.

Average weekly earnings

The July 2026 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon was \$1,504.26. Yukon's earnings figure increased by 1.1% compared to the figure for July 2025; Canada's figure increased by 3.2% over the same period.

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees

Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '25	Jun '26 ^r	Jul '26 ^p	Jun '26 ^r to Jul '26 ^p	Jul '25 to Jul '26 ^p
	---- current dollars ----			----- change (%) -----	
Canada	1,305.63	1,343.77	1,347.14	0.3	3.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,296.30	1,303.39	1,317.98	1.1	1.7
Prince Edward Island	1,160.01	1,194.19	1,207.99	1.2	4.1
Nova Scotia	1,163.51	1,223.73	1,228.91	0.4	5.6
New Brunswick	1,197.97	1,245.81	1,261.88	1.3	5.3
Quebec	1,255.68	1,290.54	1,279.96	-0.8	1.9
Ontario	1,342.65	1,385.06	1,391.19	0.4	3.6
Manitoba	1,180.54	1,210.56	1,217.11	0.5	3.1
Saskatchewan	1,268.89	1,310.92	1,325.24	1.1	4.4
Alberta	1,365.68	1,387.88	1,399.61	0.8	2.5
British Columbia	1,299.03	1,348.59	1,356.78	0.6	4.4
Yukon	1,488.51	1,500.77	1,504.26	0.2	1.1
Northwest Territories	1,738.24	1,704.49	1,821.38	6.9	4.8
Nunavut	1,803.53	1,872.02	1,844.70	-1.5	2.3

^r = revised

^p = preliminary

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.

Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in July 2026, Yukon had 21,140 payroll employees, a decrease of 485, or 2.2%, from June 2026 (21,625).

In July 2026, Yukon had 985 job vacancies, translating into a job vacancy rate of 4.5%; Canada's job vacancy rate was 2.8%. The change in the number of job vacancies and the job vacancy rate in Yukon for July 2026 is not available because the number of job vacancies in June 2026 was not published due to data quality considerations.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Payroll employees ²		Job vacancies ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Jun '26 ^r	Jul '26 ^r	Jun '26 ^r	Jul '26 ^r	Jun '26 ^r	Jul '26 ^r
	---- number ----				---- percentage ----	
Canada	17,666,365	17,882,080	535,750	507,750	2.9	2.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	206,905	215,590	5,545	4,040	2.6	1.8
Prince Edward Island	74,380	77,305	3,180	F	4.1	F
Nova Scotia	462,385	466,625	13,705	12,665	2.9	2.6
New Brunswick	337,355	361,185	9,350	10,185	2.7	2.7
Quebec	3,923,330	3,984,015	120,520	115,960	3.0	2.8
Ontario	6,807,555	6,866,270	191,520	165,935	2.7	2.4
Manitoba	623,615	628,885	19,790	20,660	3.1	3.2
Saskatchewan	518,560	534,225	16,725	13,900	3.1	2.5
Alberta	2,185,640	2,179,305	66,255	70,860	2.9	3.1
British Columbia	2,464,905	2,506,410	86,770	89,545	3.4	3.4
Yukon	21,625	21,140	F	985	F	4.5
Northwest Territories	21,655	22,360	915	1,075	4.1	4.6
Nunavut	18,460	18,765	F	F	F	F

^r = revised

^p = preliminary

^F = too unreliable to be published

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

³ A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.

Sources: Statistics Canada. Tables: 14-10-0223-01 and 14-10-0371-01. Released on September 24, 2026.