



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies July 2021 (preliminary)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in July 2021, Yukon had 22,471 jobs¹, an increase of 2,621 jobs, or 13.2%, compared to July 2020 and an increase of 179 jobs, or 0.8%, compared to June 2021.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to July 2020, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Accommodation and food services* sector (328 jobs, or 27.8%) followed by the *Trade** sector (264 jobs, or 9.8%) and the *Construction* sector (201 jobs, or 14.7%).

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '20	Jun '21 ^r	Jul '21 ^P	Jun '21 to Jul '21	Jul '20 to Jul '21
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
Canada	15,132.0	16,289.1	16,613.9	2.0%	9.8%
Newfoundland and Labrador	191.9	211.4	209.4	-1.0%	9.1%
Prince Edward Island	62.8	68.7	72.9	6.1%	16.0%
Nova Scotia	383.1	409.4	416.1	1.6%	8.6%
New Brunswick	307.1	329.1	331.5	0.7%	8.0%
Quebec	3,477.2	3,763.0	3,791.8	0.8%	9.0%
Ontario	5,806.8	6,212.2	6,396.0	3.0%	10.1%
Manitoba	557.9	586.5	602.4	2.7%	8.0%
Saskatchewan	436.5	469.1	474.7	1.2%	8.8%
Alberta	1,765.7	1,892.9	1,939.2	2.4%	9.8%
British Columbia	2,082.0	2,279.5	2,312.2	1.4%	11.1%
Yukon	19.9	22.3	22.5	0.8%	13.2%
Northwest Territories	23.0	25.9	25.8	-0.4%	12.4%
Nunavut	18.3	19.2	19.5	1.7%	6.4%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

² Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.



Average Weekly Earnings

The July 2021 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,286.01) was the third-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,573.19) and Nunavut (\$1,504.89). Yukon's earnings figure increased 3.9% compared to the figure for July 2020, Canada's figure was up 1.8%.

Average Weekly Earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*excluding unclassified businesses*)

Geography	Jul '20	Jun '21 ^r	Jul '21 ^P	Jun '21 to Jul '21	Jul '20 to Jul '21
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
Canada	1,113.42	1,122.38	1,133.18	1.0%	1.8%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,120.66	1,089.32	1,104.00	1.3%	-1.5%
Prince Edward Island	963.49	972.56	966.55	-0.6%	0.3%
Nova Scotia	954.03	991.71	984.56	-0.7%	3.2%
New Brunswick	1,001.52	1,015.49	999.30	-1.6%	-0.2%
Quebec	1,048.46	1,061.92	1,054.36	-0.7%	0.6%
Ontario	1,154.72	1,152.80	1,167.25	1.3%	1.1%
Manitoba	1,003.99	1,025.54	1,020.91	-0.5%	1.7%
Saskatchewan	1,081.86	1,099.41	1,109.32	0.9%	2.5%
Alberta	1,207.22	1,214.68	1,239.78	2.1%	2.7%
British Columbia	1,095.17	1,116.76	1,143.06	2.4%	4.4%
Yukon	1,237.70	1,274.21	1,286.01	0.9%	3.9%
Northwest Territories	1,528.88	1,504.54	1,573.19	4.6%	2.9%
Nunavut	1,464.94	1,481.83	1,504.89	1.6%	2.7%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in July 2021, there were 1,275 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 6.5%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Jun '21 ^r	Jul '21 ^P	Jun '21 ^r	Jul '21 ^P	Jun '21 ^r	Jul '21 ^P
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	796,915	805,525	15,383,360	15,841,990	4.9	4.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	8,535	6,050	190,890	193,620	4.3	3.0
Prince Edward Island	3,590	2,685	66,365	69,040	5.1	3.7
Nova Scotia	15,975	15,525	409,455	408,210	3.8	3.7
New Brunswick	14,740	13,045	309,960	319,495	4.5	3.9
Quebec	207,125	221,415	3,522,875	3,689,760	5.6	5.7
Ontario	288,520	299,270	5,841,845	6,003,485	4.7	4.7
Manitoba	20,470	17,900	563,465	591,280	3.5	2.9
Saskatchewan	19,495	19,490	455,945	464,080	4.1	4.0
Alberta	78,545	75,330	1,832,230	1,849,385	4.1	3.9
British Columbia	135,825	131,760	2,138,770	2,200,610	6.0	5.6
Yukon	1,970	1,275	17,630	18,445	10.0	6.5
Northwest Territories	1,035	1,315	19,790	20,825	5.0	5.9
Nunavut	F	F	14,140	13,755	F	F

F = too unreliable to be published

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.