



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies April 2024 (preliminary)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary **seasonally adjusted** estimates show that in April 2024, Yukon had 25,326 jobs¹, an increase of 1,261 jobs, or 5.2%, compared to April 2023. Compared to March 2024, the number of jobs increased by 350, or 1.4%.

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Apr '23	Mar '24 ^r	Apr '24 ^P	Mar '24 ^r to Apr '24 ^P	Apr '23 to Apr '24 ^P
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
Canada	17,846,710	18,146,842	18,124,095	-0.1%	1.6%
Newfoundland and Labrador	218,288	220,548	219,455	-0.5%	0.5%
Prince Edward Island	75,432	76,984	77,431	0.6%	2.7%
Nova Scotia	440,459	455,652	455,798	0.0%	3.5%
New Brunswick	347,180	355,260	354,795	-0.1%	2.2%
Quebec	4,001,810	4,061,454	4,046,926	-0.4%	1.1%
Ontario	6,927,163	7,048,885	7,056,350	0.1%	1.9%
Manitoba	629,904	640,985	637,661	-0.5%	1.2%
Saskatchewan	505,479	511,596	513,196	0.3%	1.5%
Alberta	2,101,949	2,144,043	2,138,213	-0.3%	1.7%
British Columbia	2,526,466	2,557,703	2,550,208	-0.3%	0.9%
Yukon	24,065	24,976	25,326	1.4%	5.2%
Northwest Territories	27,941	28,036	27,946	-0.3%	0.0%
Nunavut	20,573	20,720	20,790	0.3%	1.1%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.



Average weekly earnings

The April 2024 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,441.64) was the third highest in Canada, following Nunavut (\$1,668.92) and the Northwest Territories (\$1,664.97). Yukon's earnings figure increased 5.4% compared to the figure for April 2023, Canada's figure increased by 3.7% over the same time period.

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	Apr '23	Mar '24 ^r	Apr '24 ^p	Mar '24 ^r to Apr '24 ^p	Apr '23 to Apr '24 ^p
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
Canada	1,196.08	1,234.94	1,240.18	0.4%	3.7%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,179.14	1,220.66	1,232.85	1.0%	4.6%
Prince Edward Island	1,001.98	1,055.90	1,063.58	0.7%	6.1%
Nova Scotia	1,061.58	1,103.25	1,106.36	0.3%	4.2%
New Brunswick	1,094.66	1,129.76	1,118.20	-1.0%	2.2%
Quebec	1,138.61	1,183.61	1,181.70	-0.2%	3.8%
Ontario	1,229.08	1,267.32	1,271.04	0.3%	3.4%
Manitoba	1,096.86	1,127.42	1,138.33	1.0%	3.8%
Saskatchewan	1,163.42	1,195.15	1,199.90	0.4%	3.1%
Alberta	1,287.52	1,298.15	1,317.98	1.5%	2.4%
British Columbia	1,202.50	1,255.52	1,258.20	0.2%	4.6%
Yukon	1,368.08	1,419.63	1,441.64	1.6%	5.4%
Northwest Territories	1,606.72	1,660.77	1,664.97	0.3%	3.6%
Nunavut	1,658.99	1,659.83	1,668.92	0.5%	0.6%

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.

Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in April 2024, there were 19,095 payroll employees, an increase of 4.8% from March 2024 (18,215). In April 2024, there were 1,220 job vacancies in Yukon, translating into a job vacancy rate of 6.0%.

The number of job vacancies in April 2024 increased by 5 compared to March 2024 (1,215), and the job vacancy rate in April 2024 decreased by 0.2 percentage points compared to March 2024 (6.2%).

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Mar '24 ^r	Apr '24 ^p	Mar '24 ^r	Apr '24 ^p	Mar '24 ^r	Apr '24 ^p
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	595,090	604,840	16,913,170	16,997,070	3.4	3.4
Newfoundland and Labrador	3,520	5,695	182,080	184,035	1.9	3.0
Prince Edward Island	2,875	2,085	64,020	64,080	4.3	3.2
Nova Scotia	15,340	14,950	422,030	438,555	3.5	3.3
New Brunswick	10,035	12,000	312,180	299,755	3.1	3.8
Quebec	132,910	134,625	3,801,145	3,797,435	3.4	3.4
Ontario	212,545	213,620	6,578,980	6,621,745	3.1	3.1
Manitoba	24,995	17,725	595,020	596,565	4.0	2.9
Saskatchewan	19,655	18,940	474,040	492,570	4.0	3.7
Alberta	76,285	73,825	2,043,105	2,029,725	3.6	3.5
British Columbia	94,525	107,585	2,383,700	2,414,225	3.8	4.3
Yukon	1,215	1,220	18,215	19,095	6.2	6.0
Northwest Territories	715	2,210	22,290	22,805	3.1	8.8
Nunavut	F	365	16,370	16,490	F	2.2

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data; F = too unreliable to publish

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.