



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies July 2024 (preliminary)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary **seasonally adjusted** estimates show that in July 2024, Yukon had 25,761 jobs¹, an increase of 1,190 jobs, or 4.8%, compared to July 2023. Compared to June 2024, the number of jobs increased by 63, or 0.2%.

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '23	Jun '24 ^r	Jul '24 ^P	Jun '24 ^r to Jul '24 ^P	Jul '23 to Jul '24 ^P
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
Canada	18,054,036	18,178,965	18,211,780	0.2%	0.9%
Newfoundland and Labrador	222,968	219,768	218,723	-0.5%	-1.9%
Prince Edward Island	78,172	78,463	79,397	1.2%	1.6%
Nova Scotia	451,170	458,311	457,421	-0.2%	1.4%
New Brunswick	352,036	354,108	356,430	0.7%	1.2%
Quebec	4,059,711	4,068,454	4,082,851	0.4%	0.6%
Ontario	6,985,725	7,051,321	7,069,876	0.3%	1.2%
Manitoba	646,652	642,483	644,819	0.4%	-0.3%
Saskatchewan	507,220	513,341	513,298	0.0%	1.2%
Alberta	2,122,660	2,153,085	2,154,631	0.1%	1.5%
British Columbia	2,553,820	2,564,127	2,558,204	-0.2%	0.2%
Yukon	24,571	25,698	25,761	0.2%	4.8%
Northwest Territories	27,647	27,629	27,913	1.0%	1.0%
Nunavut	21,682	22,176	22,456	1.3%	3.6%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.



Average weekly earnings

The July 2024 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,448.30) was the third highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,717.52) and Nunavut (\$1,715.91). Yukon's earnings figure increased 4.7% compared to the figure for July 2023, Canada's figure increased by 4.5% over the same period.

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '23	Jun '24 ^r	Jul '24 ^P	Jun '24 ^r to Jul '24 ^P	Jul '23 to Jul '24 ^P
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
Canada	1,213.21	1,254.84	1,267.54	1.0%	4.5%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,204.47	1,234.30	1,252.85	1.5%	4.0%
Prince Edward Island	1,024.55	1,058.40	1,068.03	0.9%	4.2%
Nova Scotia	1,069.98	1,115.50	1,120.97	0.5%	4.8%
New Brunswick	1,103.64	1,131.66	1,145.94	1.3%	3.8%
Quebec	1,161.56	1,193.40	1,207.76	1.2%	4.0%
Ontario	1,240.46	1,289.43	1,299.77	0.8%	4.8%
Manitoba	1,102.83	1,143.42	1,155.42	1.0%	4.8%
Saskatchewan	1,173.88	1,218.31	1,217.71	0.0%	3.7%
Alberta	1,291.42	1,332.30	1,336.42	0.3%	3.5%
British Columbia	1,225.30	1,271.55	1,282.46	0.9%	4.7%
Yukon	1,383.64	1,446.43	1,448.30	0.1%	4.7%
Northwest Territories	1,586.54	1,730.72	1,717.52	-0.8%	8.3%
Nunavut	1,606.09	1,655.41	1,715.91	3.7%	6.8%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.

Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in July 2024, there were 21,315 payroll employees, an increase of 3.6% from June 2024 (20,575). Statistics Canada did not publish July 2024 data on job vacancies for Yukon due to unreliable quality.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Jun '24 ^r	Jul '24 ^P	Jun '24 ^r	Jul '24 ^P	Jun '24 ^r	Jul '24 ^P
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	585,620	544,335	17,413,095	17,597,775	3.3	3.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	7,270	4,865	203,870	198,095	3.4	2.4
Prince Edward Island	3,805	1,845	73,620	78,345	4.9	2.3
Nova Scotia	15,680	12,145	437,770	462,950	3.5	2.6
New Brunswick	11,995	10,455	354,570	335,940	3.3	3.0
Quebec	124,310	131,410	3,883,610	3,956,485	3.1	3.2
Ontario	199,355	180,855	6,751,845	6,811,085	2.9	2.6
Manitoba	24,860	20,655	615,900	636,885	3.9	3.1
Saskatchewan	19,360	14,585	496,955	506,665	3.7	2.8
Alberta	70,585	62,840	2,106,605	2,097,150	3.2	2.9
British Columbia	105,430	101,875	2,428,425	2,453,415	4.2	4.0
Yukon	1,275	F	20,575	21,315	5.8	F
Northwest Territories	775	F	22,650	22,420	3.3	F
Nunavut	F	F	F	17,025	F	F

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data; F = too unreliable to publish

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.