

## Department of Finance Yukon Bureau of Statistics



## **Consumer Price Index, July 2020**

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Comparing July 2020 to July 2019, the Consumer Price Index (CPI) decreased 0.7% in Whitehorse (data are not available for Yukon). Whitehorse's year-over-year CPI change for the month of July was 0.8 percentage points lower than that for Canada (0.1%).

The year-over-year decrease in Whitehorse CPI for the month of July 2020 was mainly attributable to price decreases in: gasoline; fuel oil and other fuels; and inter-city transportation. Some of these decreases were offset by price increases in: electricity; purchase and leasing of passenger vehicles; and rent.

On a monthly basis, the CPI in Whitehorse decreased 0.1% in July 2020 compared to June 2020; nationally, the CPI remained the same.

**Note:** The CPI is based on prices of goods and services in a basket that was developed from purchasing patterns of households before the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic has led to changes in purchasing patterns that have implications for the basket weights used to measure the CPI. The current CPI does not reflect these changes.

## Consumer Price Index, All-items July 2020 (unadjusted), 2002 = 100

	Jul 2019	Jun 2020	Jul 2020	Jun '20 to Jul '20	Jul '19 to Jul '20
		% change			
Canada	137.0	137.2	137.2	0.0	0.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	140.1	139.5	139.6	0.1	-0.4
Prince Edward Island	139.5	137.5	138.2	0.5	-0.9
Nova Scotia	138.5	137.6	137.8	0.1	-0.5
New Brunswick	137.1	136.6	137.1	0.4	0.0
Quebec	132.6	132.8	133.0	0.2	0.3
Ontario	138.8	138.6	138.8	0.1	0.0
Manitoba	137.4	137.9	137.9	0.0	0.4
Saskatchewan	140.7	141.2	141.4	0.1	0.5
Alberta	143.6	145.0	144.9	-0.1	0.9
British Columbia	132.4	132.6	132.6	0.0	0.2
Whitehorse	135.1	134.3	134.2	-0.1	-0.7
Yellowknife	139.2	139.3	139.1	-0.1	-0.1
Iqaluit (Dec. 2002=100)	132.8	131.3	131.3	0.0	-1.1

Note: Statistics Canada collects information on consumer prices and household spending patterns (Survey of Household Spending) to calculate the Consumer Price Index. The data collection covers urban and rural areas of provinces, and the capital cities of the territories.