

Canadian Index of Wellbeing

A Profile of Wellbeing in Yukon (based on indicators¹ used in National Report)

COMMUNITY VITALITY

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Percentage of population reporting participation in organized activities (volunteering)			
Percentage of population with 5 or more close friends			
Crime Severity Index	2016	183.86	70.96
Percentage of population who experienced discrimination in the past 5 years based on ethno-cultural characteristics			
Percentage of population that feels safe walking alone after dark			
Percentage of population who believe that most or many people can be trusted			
Percentage of population who provide unpaid help to others on their own			
Percentage of population reporting very or somewhat strong sense of belonging to community	2015	81.5	68.0

¹ The year reported for each indicator is the most recent year for which data are publicly available for Yukon.

DEMOCRATIC ENGAGEMENT

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Percentage of voter turnout at federal elections	2015	75.8	70.0
Percentage of population that volunteers for a law, advocacy or political group			
Gap in percentage turnout between older and younger voters	2015	28.1	20.4
Percentage of population reporting they are very/fairly satisfied with way democracy works in Canada	2015	66.7	64.2
Percentage of population with a great deal or quite a lot of confidence in federal parliament			
Ratio of registered to eligible voters	2015	0.90	0.89
Percentage of women in federal Parliament ²	2015	0.0	25.7
Percentage of MPs' budgets spent on print materials for householders	2015	0.50	3.65

² With only one MP representing Yukon, the percentage would be either 0 or 100%. In contrast, women make up 36.8% of the members of the Yukon Legislative Assembly, which is one of the highest rates in the country.

EDUCATION

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Percentage of children aged 0 to 5 years for whom there is a regulated centre-based child care space	2016	31.4	28.7
Average amount of time spent in interactive (talk-based) childcare for children aged 0 to 14 years			
Ratio of students to educators in public schools	2016	9.2	11.8
Average expenditure per public school student (2013\$)	2014	29.63	13.58
Percentage of adults age 25 or older who participate in education related activities			
Average annual Canadian undergraduate tuition fees			
Percentage of 25 to 29 year olds in population completing high school ³	2016	88.8	89.7
Percentage of 25 to 54 year olds in population with a university degree ⁴	2016	31.1	31.0

³ For high school graduates, the original national indicator was for the age range 20 to 24 years.

⁴ For university degree holders, the original national indicator was for the age range 25 to 64 years.

ENVIRONMENT

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Ground level ozone (population weighted in parts per billion) ⁵	2014		
Absolute GHG emissions (megatonnes of CO ₂ per year)	2016	0.4	704.0
Primary energy production (000's of petajoules) ⁵	2016		
Residential energy use per household (terajoules per 1,000 private dwellings)	2016	43.18	91.36
Total Farm Land (000's of hectares)			
Viable Metal Reserves Index			
Ecological Footprint			
Annual water yield for Southern Canada (km ³)			

⁵ Data for Yukon suppressed to meet confidentiality requirement of Statistics Act.

HEALTHY POPULATIONS

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Percentage of population that rates their overall health as very good or excellent	2015	60.1	61.9
Percentage of population that rates their mental health as very good or excellent	2015	68.6	72.4
Percentage of population with self-reported diabetes	2015	5.4	6.9
Life expectancy at birth, in years	2014	79.0	82.0
Percentage of daily or occasional smokers among teens aged 12 to 17 years ⁶	2015	13.1	4.1
Percentage of Canadians with a regular medical doctor	2015	75.1	83.2
Percentage of population getting influenza immunization in past year	2015	31.9	33.3
Percentage of population with an absence of health or activity-based limitations	2015	55.6	78.5

⁶ For teen smoking, prior to 2015, the percentage was calculated for 12 to 19 year olds.

LEISURE and CULTURE

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Percentage of time spent on the previous day in social leisure activities			
Percentage of time spent on the previous day in arts and culture activities			
Average number of hours in the past year volunteering for culture/recreation organizations			
Average monthly frequency of participation in physical activity lasting over 15 minutes	2014	28.49	27.56
Average attendance per performance in past year at all performing arts performances ⁷			
Average visitation per site in past year to all National Parks and National Historic sites (000's)	2015	15.5	194.5
Average number of nights away on vacation trip in past year to destinations at least 80 km from home			
Expenditures in past year on all culture/recreation as percentage of total household expenditures			

⁷ Data for Yukon suppressed to meet confidentiality requirement of Statistics Act.

LIVING STANDARDS

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Gini coefficient (a measure of the income gap)	2015	0.360	0.306
After tax median income of economic families (2015\$)	2015	94,853	76,372
Percentage of persons in low income (based on LIM-AT)			
Percentage of population who experience moderate or severe food insecurity			
Percentage of labour force with long-term unemployment	2015	9.2	11.1
Percentage of labour force employed	2015	68.5	61.3
CIBC index of employment quality (1994 QI=100)			
Housing affordability based on Shelter Consumption Affordability Ratio (SCAR)			

TIME USE⁸

Indicator	Year	Yukon	Canada
Percentage of 25 to 64 year olds working over 50 hours per week at main job			
Percentage of 15 to 64 year olds reporting high levels of time pressure			
Average daily amount of time with friends (minutes per day).			
Percentage of labour force working less than 30 hours per week, not by choice			
Percentage of Canadians who report 7 to 9 hours of good quality essential sleep			
Mean workday commute time for individuals working for pay			
Percentage of labour force working for pay with flexible work hours			
Percentage of labour force with regular, weekday work hours			

⁸ All of the indicators in the Time Use domain are drawn from cycles of the General Social Survey, which do not include the territories in its sampling.