



Charitable Donors, 2019

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In 2019, the percentage of Yukon taxfilers who claimed a charitable donation was 15.5%, while the national rate was 19.0%. Yukon's rate was the third-lowest in the country and a decrease of 0.1 percentage points from 2018 (15.6%).

The median amount of donation in Canada was \$310, while that in Yukon was \$460 in 2019; tied with Saskatchewan and Prince Edward Island for the sixth-highest median amount of donation in the country.

Charitable donors and donations, 2019

	Donors		Median Donations	
	2018	2019	2018	2019
	% of taxfilers		dollars	
Canada	19.4	19.0	310	310
Nfld and Labrador	17.4	17.1	370	380
Prince Edward Island	20.1	19.8	460	460
Nova Scotia	17.9	17.6	370	370
New Brunswick	17.4	17.2	340	340
Quebec	18.7	18.6	130	130
Ontario	20.4	19.8	390	400
Manitoba	22.4	21.9	460	470
Saskatchewan	19.6	19.0	450	460
Alberta	19.2	18.6	480	500
British Columbia	18.4	18.0	470	480
Yukon	15.6	15.5	450	460
Northwest Territories	11.8	11.3	450	470
Nunavut	6.4	6.2	540	630

Note: These data on donations are derived from the preliminary version of the T1 Family File. While data from this release do not yet reflect the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on donations, they do provide useful insight into the economic well-being of Canadians prior to the pandemic and could serve as a baseline for measuring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on various aspects of the economy in the future.

Canadians contribute in many ways to charitable organizations. This release reports on charitable donations that are reported on tax files. These data include only amounts given to charities and approved organizations for which official tax receipts were provided and claimed on tax returns. To verify if a charity is registered under the Income Tax Act, tax filers can consult the [charity listings](#) available on the Canada Revenue Agency webpage. It is possible to carry donations forward for up to five years after the year in which they were made. Therefore, donations reported for the 2019 taxation year could include donations that were made in any of the five previous years. According to tax laws, tax filers are permitted to claim both their donations and those made by their spouses to receive better tax benefits. Consequently, the number of people who made charitable donations may be higher than the number who claimed tax credits.