

Vepartment of Finance Yukon Bureau of Statistics



Demographic Statistics

July 1, 2020 (preliminary post-censal estimates)

Released by Statistics Canada—September 29, 2020

According to the preliminary estimates published by Statistics Canada today, Yukon's annual population was 42,052 as of July 01, 2020, compared to the revised figure of 41,477 as of July 01, 2019. This represents an annual population increase of 575, or 1.4%.

Yukon's population increase of 575 consisted of: 233 in natural increase (483 births and 250 deaths); 219 in net interprovincial migration (1,498 in-migrants and 1,279 out-migrants); and 123 in net international migration (336 immigrants, 18 emigrants, 0 returning emigrants, 20 net temporary emigrants and -175 net non-permanent residents).

Yukon's population growth rate of 1.4% in 2020 was 0.3 percentage points higher than the national average (1.1%). Yukon's growth rate ranked the third-highest among other jurisdictions following Nunavut (1.9%) and Prince Edward Island (1.5%).

Annual Demographic Estimates¹

	July 1, 2019 ^{UP}	July 1, 2020 ^{pp}	July 1, 2019 to July 1, 2020
	number		% change
Canada	37,593,384	38,005,238	1.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	523,476	522,103	-0.3
Prince Edward Island	157,262	159,625	1.5
Nova Scotia	969,747	979,351	1.0
New Brunswick	776,868	781,476	0.6
Quebec	8,501,703	8,574,571	0.9
Ontario	14,544,718	14,734,014	1.3
Manitoba	1,369,540	1,379,263	0.7
Saskatchewan	1,172,302	1,178,681	0.5
Alberta	4,361,694	4,421,876	1.4
British Columbia	5,090,955	5,147,712	1.1
Yukon	41,477	42,052	1.4
Northwest Territories	45,028	45,161	0.3
Nunavut	38,614	39,353	1.9

^{up} updated post-censal estimates

^{pp} preliminary post-censal estimates

(these data will be revised over the coming year)

¹ Post-censal estimates are based on the 2016 Census counts adjusted for census net under-coverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and the components of demographic growth that occurred since that Census.

Population growth is comprised of the natural increase, international migration and interprovincial migration:

Natural increase is the difference between the number of births and deaths.

Net international migration is calculated by adding immigrants, returning emigrants and net non-permanent residents, and then subtracting emigrants and net temporary emigrants.

Net interprovincial migration represents movements from one province or territory to another, involving a change in usual place of residence.

September 29, 2020