



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies

April 2021 (*preliminary*)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in April 2021, Yukon had 22,851 jobs¹, an increase of 2,748 jobs, or 13.7%, compared to April 2020 and an increase of 172 jobs, or 0.8%, compared to March 2021.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to April 2020, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Accommodation and food services* sector (458 jobs, or 40.9%) followed by the *Trade* sector* (413 jobs, or 15.2%).

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*including unclassified businesses*)

Geography	Apr '20	Mar '21 ^r	Apr '21 ^P	Mar '21 to Apr '21	Apr '20 to Apr '21
	Persons			Percentage change	
Canada	14,251.8	16,154.2	16,321.1	1.0%	14.5%
Newfoundland and Labrador	180.1	205.4	208.6	1.6%	15.8%
Prince Edward Island	60.3	69.4	69.7	0.4%	15.6%
Nova Scotia	364.0	417.3	419.1	0.4%	15.1%
New Brunswick	277.7	325.6	331.8	1.9%	19.5%
Quebec	3,099.2	3,663.3	3,709.1	1.2%	19.7%
Ontario	5,608.1	6,218.4	6,278.0	1.0%	11.9%
Manitoba	536.1	589.0	599.3	1.7%	11.8%
Saskatchewan	418.8	467.5	470.8	0.7%	12.4%
Alberta	1,692.0	1,866.7	1,891.6	1.3%	11.8%
British Columbia	1,954.5	2,263.2	2,274.2	0.5%	16.4%
Yukon	20.1	22.7	22.9	0.8%	13.7%
Northwest Territories	23.1	26.0	26.3	1.0%	13.8%
Nunavut	17.9	19.6	20.0	2.0%	11.8%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.



Average Weekly Earnings

The April 2021 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,256.18) was the third-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,479.35) and Nunavut (\$1,418.03). Yukon's earnings figure remained virtually unchanged compared to the figure for April 2020, Canada's figure was up 1.1%.

Average Weekly Earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*excluding unclassified businesses*)

Geography	Apr '20	Mar '21 ^r	Apr '21 ^P	Mar '21 to Apr '21	Apr '20 to Apr '21
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
Canada	1,116.30	1,120.90	1,128.72	0.7%	1.1%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,121.70	1,096.19	1,083.53	-1.2%	-3.4%
Prince Edward Island	967.26	921.20	933.03	1.3%	-3.5%
Nova Scotia	996.75	948.74	953.10	0.5%	-4.4%
New Brunswick	1,038.64	1,004.77	1,009.52	0.5%	-2.8%
Quebec	1,051.79	1,062.51	1,068.81	0.6%	1.6%
Ontario	1,132.50	1,166.21	1,170.73	0.4%	3.4%
Manitoba	1,034.46	1,004.02	1,011.16	0.7%	-2.3%
Saskatchewan	1,129.81	1,098.19	1,100.33	0.2%	-2.6%
Alberta	1,241.11	1,207.60	1,223.18	1.3%	-1.4%
British Columbia	1,105.84	1,104.90	1,110.80	0.5%	0.4%
Yukon	1,255.60	1,290.86	1,256.18	-2.7%	0.0%
Northwest Territories	1,597.02	1,507.38	1,479.35	-1.9%	-7.4%
Nunavut	1,469.68	1,481.19	1,418.03	-4.3%	-3.5%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in April 2021, there were 1,225 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 6.8%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, April 2021, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Mar '21 ¹	Apr '21 ^P	Mar '21 ¹	Apr '21 ^P	Mar '21 ¹	Apr '21 ^P
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	630,925	682,835	14,869,605	15,142,645	4.1	4.3
Newfoundland and Labrador	4,165	5,310	174,920	172,075	2.3	3.0
Prince Edward Island	1,615	2,925	57,375	59,280	2.7	4.7
Nova Scotia	14,145	13,565	375,145	383,615	3.6	3.4
New Brunswick	9,940	11,980	289,330	293,070	3.3	3.9
Quebec	172,095	195,120	3,361,155	3,416,270	4.9	5.4
Ontario	224,890	250,745	5,714,755	5,844,245	3.8	4.1
Manitoba	20,040	19,470	537,665	567,060	3.6	3.3
Saskatchewan	13,960	16,305	438,460	438,115	3.1	3.6
Alberta	57,590	61,040	1,777,685	1,780,060	3.1	3.3
British Columbia	110,105	103,615	2,092,150	2,137,895	5.0	4.6
Yukon	1,120	1,225	16,620	16,705	6.3	6.8
Northwest Territories	F	1,075	19,870	20,055	F	5.1
Nunavut	680	475	14,480	14,200	4.5	3.2

^P = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.