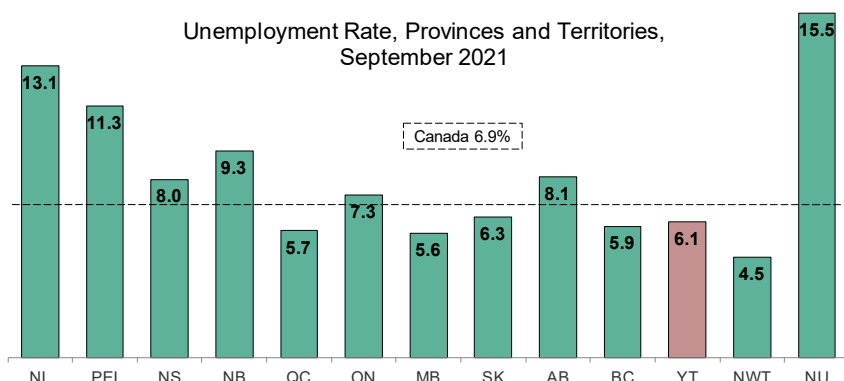




## Yukon Employment September 2021

### Highlights

- In September 2021, Yukon's unemployment rate (6.1%) increased by 0.4 percentage points compared to August 2021 (5.7%).
- Compared to August 2021, Yukon's labour force increased by 200 to 23,100, the number of employed increased by 200 to 21,700 and the number of unemployed increased by 100 to 1,400.
- Nationally, the September 2021 unemployment rate (6.9%) decreased by 0.2 percentage points compared to August 2021.
- Compared to August 2021 figures, the labour force in Canada increased 0.7%; the number of employed increased 0.8%; and the number of unemployed decreased by 1.3%.



### September 2021 Yukon Employment at a Glance:

|                      |        |
|----------------------|--------|
| Labour Force.....    | 23,100 |
| Employed.....        | 21,700 |
| Unemployed.....      | 1,400  |
| Unemployment Rate... | 6.1%   |
| Employment Rate..... | 66.0%  |

Notes: All figures are based on Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey (LFS) estimates. Statistics Canada reports LFS figures rounded to the nearest hundred. Therefore, components may not add up to the total.

Analyses and data tables in pages 1 through 4 are based on seasonally adjusted numbers. Unadjusted figures are available on pages 5 through 7.

Seasonally adjusted employment figures are widely used and quoted, as they are considered to be a more accurate picture of the current employment situation than unadjusted figures. Some variables, however, are only available on an unadjusted basis. Comparisons between adjusted and unadjusted figures should not be made. For more information, see [definitions on page 8](#).

### Contents:

|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Overview.....                    | 1 |
| Comparisons with Canada .....    | 2 |
| Seasonally Adjusted, 15+ .....   | 3 |
| Seasonally Adjusted, 25+ .....   | 4 |
| Unadjusted, 15+ .....            | 5 |
| Age, Full-time and Part-time.... | 6 |
| Industry and Class of Worker...  | 7 |
| Definitions.....                 | 8 |

### Other Sources of Labour Market Information:

**Statistics Canada's Daily Release** - a summary of the current Labour Force Survey numbers from across Canada: <https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/daily-quotidien/211008/dq211008a-eng.pdf>

**Yukon Employment Annual Review, 2020** - annual summary of Yukon Labour Force Survey data; includes Aboriginal/non-Aboriginal and Rural/Whitehorse data: <https://yukon.ca/en/yukon-employment-annual-review-2020>

**Yukon Employment Historical Data, 2011-2020** - detailed monthly and annual data tables based on Labour Force Survey: <https://yukon.ca/en/yukon-employment-historical-data-2011-2020>

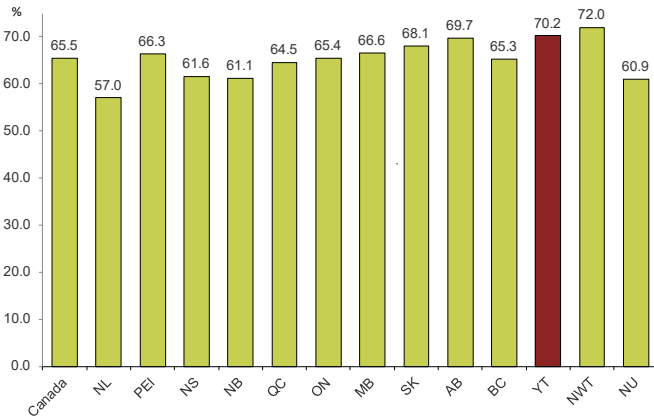
**Yukon Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours, 2020** - detailed annual information on number of paid employees, payrolls, and hours worked: <https://yukon.ca/en/survey-employment-payrolls-and-hours-2020>

**Yukon Labour Demand Survey, 2020** - information on employment, vacancies and expected vacancies: <https://yukon.ca/en/yukon-labour-demand-survey-2020-1>

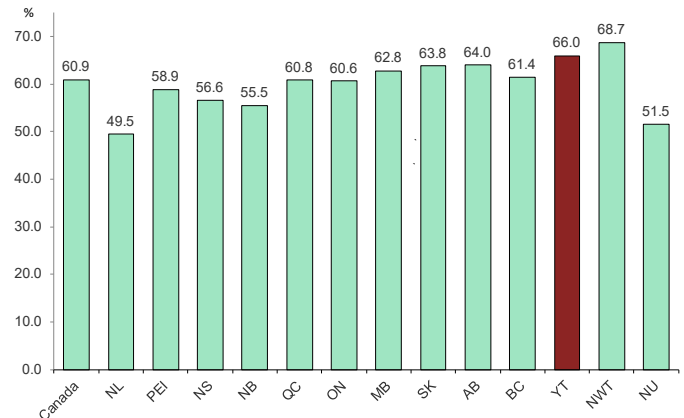
**Yukon Employment and Skills Survey, 2020** - detailed information on employment, unemployment, and education and training: <https://yukon.ca/en/yukon-employment-and-skills-survey-2020>

## Comparisons with Canada, Provinces and Territories - Snapshot

Participation Rate, September 2021



Employment Rate, September 2021



The participation rate measures the percentage of the population aged 15 years and over, which is working or actively looking for work. In September 2021, Yukon's participation rate (70.2%) was the second-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (72.0%).

Yukon's September 2021 employment rate (the percentage of the population aged 15 years and over, which is employed), was 66.0%, the second-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (68.7%).

## Comparisons with Canada and Selected Provinces - Historical

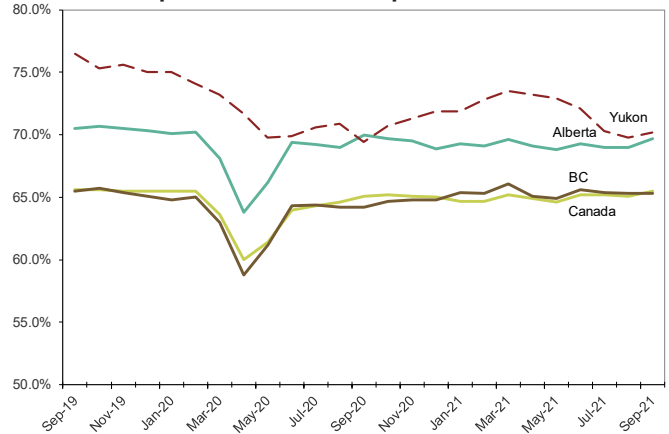
The Labour Force Survey estimates that 70.2% of Yukoners aged 15 years and over were employed or seeking employment in September 2021.

Yukon's participation rate in September 2021 (70.2%) increased by 0.4 percentage points compared to August 2021 (69.8%) and increased by 0.8 percentage points compared to the rate in September 2020 (69.4%).

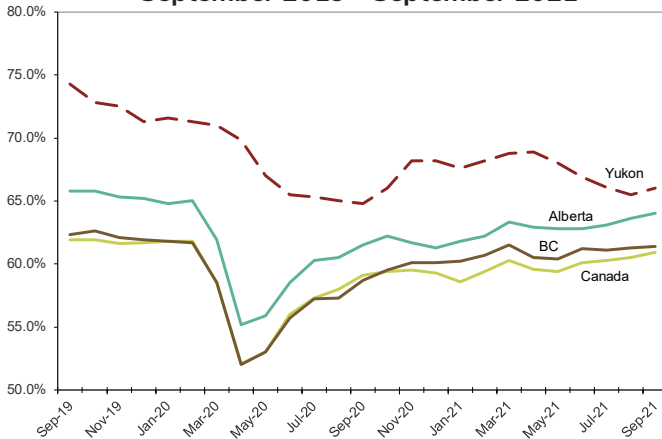
The September 2021 employment rate of 66.0% increased by 0.5 percentage points compared to August 2021 (65.5%) and increased by 1.2 percentage points compared to September 2020 (64.8%).

Yukon's labour market in terms of participation rate and employment rate tends to be similar to Alberta's. However, Alberta's monthly data show the shock due to COVID-19, which is not pronounced as much in Yukon's 3-month moving averages.

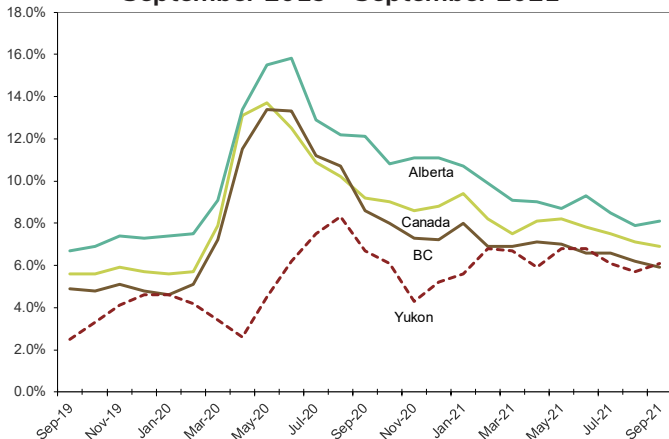
Participation Rate, September 2019 - September 2021



Employment Rate, September 2019 - September 2021



Unemployment Rate, September 2019 - September 2021

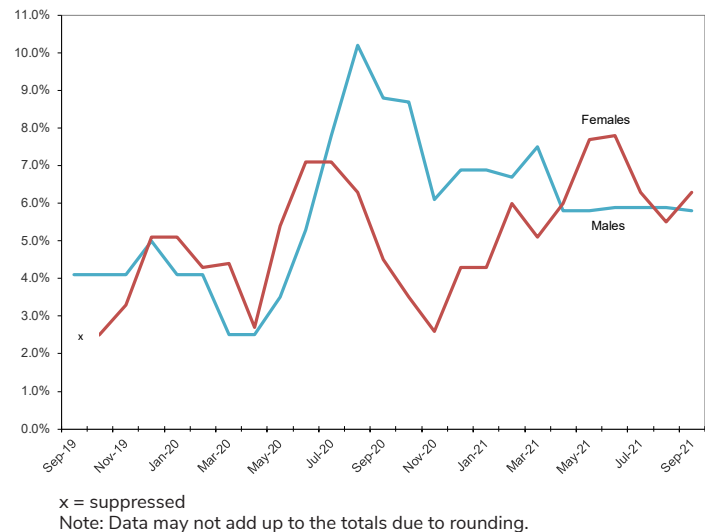


## Seasonally Adjusted Labour Force, aged 15+ years, Yukon

|        | Labour Force |        |         | Employment |        |         | Unemployment |       |         |
|--------|--------------|--------|---------|------------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|---------|
|        | Both sexes   | Males  | Females | Both sexes | Males  | Females | Both sexes   | Males | Females |
| Sep-21 | 23,100       | 12,000 | 11,100  | 21,700     | 11,300 | 10,300  | 1,400        | 700   | 700     |
| Aug-21 | 22,900       | 11,800 | 11,000  | 21,500     | 11,100 | 10,500  | 1,300        | 700   | 600     |
| Jul-21 | 23,000       | 11,800 | 11,200  | 21,600     | 11,200 | 10,400  | 1,400        | 700   | 700     |
| Jun-21 | 23,500       | 11,900 | 11,500  | 21,800     | 11,200 | 10,600  | 1,600        | 700   | 900     |
| May-21 | 23,700       | 12,000 | 11,700  | 22,100     | 11,300 | 10,800  | 1,600        | 700   | 900     |
| Apr-21 | 23,800       | 12,100 | 11,700  | 22,400     | 11,400 | 11,100  | 1,400        | 700   | 700     |
| Mar-21 | 23,800       | 12,000 | 11,800  | 22,300     | 11,100 | 11,100  | 1,600        | 900   | 600     |
| Feb-21 | 23,600       | 12,000 | 11,600  | 22,100     | 11,200 | 10,900  | 1,600        | 800   | 700     |
| Jan-21 | 23,300       | 11,600 | 11,700  | 21,900     | 10,800 | 11,200  | 1,300        | 800   | 500     |
| Dec-20 | 23,300       | 11,600 | 11,700  | 22,100     | 10,800 | 11,300  | 1,200        | 800   | 500     |
| Nov-20 | 23,100       | 11,400 | 11,700  | 22,100     | 10,700 | 11,400  | 1,000        | 700   | 300     |
| Oct-20 | 22,900       | 11,500 | 11,300  | 21,400     | 10,500 | 10,900  | 1,400        | 1,000 | 400     |
| Sep-20 | 22,500       | 11,400 | 11,100  | 21,000     | 10,400 | 10,600  | 1,500        | 1,000 | 500     |
| Aug-20 | 22,900       | 11,800 | 11,100  | 21,000     | 10,700 | 10,400  | 1,900        | 1,200 | 700     |
| Jul-20 | 22,800       | 11,500 | 11,300  | 21,100     | 10,600 | 10,400  | 1,700        | 900   | 800     |
| Jun-20 | 22,500       | 11,300 | 11,200  | 21,100     | 10,700 | 10,400  | 1,400        | 600   | 800     |
| May-20 | 22,400       | 11,300 | 11,100  | 21,500     | 10,900 | 10,500  | 1,000        | 400   | 600     |
| Apr-20 | 23,000       | 11,800 | 11,200  | 22,400     | 11,500 | 10,800  | 600          | 300   | 300     |
| Mar-20 | 23,500       | 12,100 | 11,400  | 22,800     | 11,800 | 11,000  | 800          | 300   | 500     |
| Feb-20 | 23,800       | 12,200 | 11,600  | 22,900     | 11,800 | 11,100  | 1,000        | 500   | 500     |
| Jan-20 | 24,000       | 12,300 | 11,800  | 22,900     | 11,700 | 11,200  | 1,100        | 500   | 600     |
| Dec-19 | 24,000       | 12,100 | 11,800  | 22,800     | 11,600 | 11,300  | 1,100        | 600   | 600     |
| Nov-19 | 24,200       | 12,100 | 12,000  | 23,200     | 11,600 | 11,600  | 1,000        | 500   | 400     |
| Oct-19 | 24,100       | 12,200 | 11,900  | 23,300     | 11,700 | 11,600  | 800          | 500   | 300     |
| Sep-19 | 24,400       | 12,300 | 12,100  | 23,700     | 11,800 | 12,000  | 600          | 500   | x       |

|        | Unemployment rate |       |         |
|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|
|        | Both sexes        | Males | Females |
| Sep-21 | 6.1               | 5.8   | 6.3     |
| Aug-21 | 5.7               | 5.9   | 5.5     |
| Jul-21 | 6.1               | 5.9   | 6.3     |
| Jun-21 | 6.8               | 5.9   | 7.8     |
| May-21 | 6.8               | 5.8   | 7.7     |
| Apr-21 | 5.9               | 5.8   | 6.0     |
| Mar-21 | 6.7               | 7.5   | 5.1     |
| Feb-21 | 6.8               | 6.7   | 6.0     |
| Jan-21 | 5.6               | 6.9   | 4.3     |
| Dec-20 | 5.2               | 6.9   | 4.3     |
| Nov-20 | 4.3               | 6.1   | 2.6     |
| Oct-20 | 6.1               | 8.7   | 3.5     |
| Sep-20 | 6.7               | 8.8   | 4.5     |
| Aug-20 | 8.3               | 10.2  | 6.3     |
| Jul-20 | 7.5               | 7.8   | 7.1     |
| Jun-20 | 6.2               | 5.3   | 7.1     |
| May-20 | 4.5               | 3.5   | 5.4     |
| Apr-20 | 2.6               | 2.5   | 2.7     |
| Mar-20 | 3.4               | 2.5   | 4.4     |
| Feb-20 | 4.2               | 4.1   | 4.3     |
| Jan-20 | 4.6               | 4.1   | 5.1     |
| Dec-19 | 4.6               | 5.0   | 5.1     |
| Nov-19 | 4.1               | 4.1   | 3.3     |
| Oct-19 | 3.3               | 4.1   | 2.5     |
| Sep-19 | 2.5               | 4.1   | x       |

Unemployment Rate, 15+, Males and Females, September 2019 - September 2021

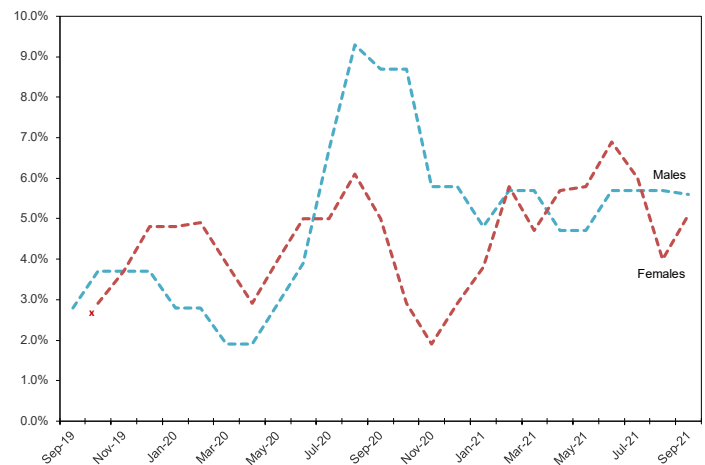


# Seasonally Adjusted Labour Force, aged 25+ years, Yukon

|        | Labour Force |        |         | Employment |        |         | Unemployment |       |         |
|--------|--------------|--------|---------|------------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|---------|
|        | Both sexes   | Males  | Females | Both sexes | Males  | Females | Both sexes   | Males | Females |
| Sep-21 | 20,600       | 10,700 | 9,900   | 19,500     | 10,100 | 9,400   | 1,100        | 600   | 500     |
| Aug-21 | 20,500       | 10,500 | 10,000  | 19,400     | 9,900  | 9,500   | 1,100        | 600   | 400     |
| Jul-21 | 20,400       | 10,500 | 10,000  | 19,300     | 9,800  | 9,400   | 1,200        | 600   | 600     |
| Jun-21 | 20,700       | 10,500 | 10,200  | 19,500     | 9,900  | 9,500   | 1,200        | 600   | 700     |
| May-21 | 21,100       | 10,700 | 10,400  | 19,900     | 10,100 | 9,800   | 1,200        | 500   | 600     |
| Apr-21 | 21,100       | 10,700 | 10,500  | 20,100     | 10,200 | 9,900   | 1,000        | 500   | 600     |
| Mar-21 | 21,200       | 10,600 | 10,600  | 20,100     | 10,000 | 10,100  | 1,100        | 600   | 500     |
| Feb-21 | 20,900       | 10,500 | 10,400  | 19,800     | 10,000 | 9,800   | 1,100        | 600   | 600     |
| Jan-21 | 20,800       | 10,400 | 10,400  | 19,900     | 9,900  | 10,000  | 900          | 500   | 400     |
| Dec-20 | 20,800       | 10,300 | 10,500  | 19,800     | 9,700  | 10,200  | 1,000        | 600   | 300     |
| Nov-20 | 20,800       | 10,300 | 10,500  | 20,100     | 9,700  | 10,300  | 800          | 600   | 200     |
| Oct-20 | 20,600       | 10,400 | 10,200  | 19,300     | 9,500  | 9,800   | 1,300        | 900   | 300     |
| Sep-20 | 20,300       | 10,300 | 10,000  | 18,900     | 9,300  | 9,500   | 1,400        | 900   | 500     |
| Aug-20 | 20,600       | 10,700 | 9,900   | 19,000     | 9,700  | 9,400   | 1,600        | 1,000 | 600     |
| Jul-20 | 20,500       | 10,500 | 10,100  | 19,300     | 9,800  | 9,500   | 1,200        | 700   | 500     |
| Jun-20 | 20,100       | 10,200 | 10,000  | 19,200     | 9,700  | 9,500   | 900          | 400   | 500     |
| May-20 | 20,200       | 10,200 | 10,000  | 19,500     | 9,900  | 9,600   | 700          | 300   | 400     |
| Apr-20 | 20,600       | 10,500 | 10,200  | 20,100     | 10,300 | 9,900   | 500          | 200   | 300     |
| Mar-20 | 21,100       | 10,800 | 10,300  | 20,400     | 10,600 | 9,900   | 600          | 200   | 400     |
| Feb-20 | 21,100       | 10,800 | 10,300  | 20,400     | 10,600 | 9,800   | 700          | 300   | 500     |
| Jan-20 | 21,300       | 10,900 | 10,400  | 20,500     | 10,600 | 9,900   | 900          | 300   | 500     |
| Dec-19 | 21,300       | 10,800 | 10,500  | 20,400     | 10,500 | 10,000  | 900          | 400   | 500     |
| Nov-19 | 21,500       | 10,800 | 10,700  | 20,700     | 10,400 | 10,300  | 800          | 400   | 400     |
| Oct-19 | 21,400       | 10,900 | 10,500  | 20,700     | 10,500 | 10,200  | 700          | 400   | 300     |
| Sep-19 | 21,500       | 10,900 | 10,600  | 21,000     | 10,500 | 10,500  | 500          | 300   | x       |

|        | Unemployment rate |       |         |
|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|
|        | Both sexes        | Males | Females |
| Sep-21 | 5.3               | 5.6   | 5.1     |
| Aug-21 | 5.4               | 5.7   | 4.0     |
| Jul-21 | 5.9               | 5.7   | 6.0     |
| Jun-21 | 5.8               | 5.7   | 6.9     |
| May-21 | 5.7               | 4.7   | 5.8     |
| Apr-21 | 4.7               | 4.7   | 5.7     |
| Mar-21 | 5.2               | 5.7   | 4.7     |
| Feb-21 | 5.3               | 5.7   | 5.8     |
| Jan-21 | 4.3               | 4.8   | 3.8     |
| Dec-20 | 4.8               | 5.8   | 2.9     |
| Nov-20 | 3.8               | 5.8   | 1.9     |
| Oct-20 | 6.3               | 8.7   | 2.9     |
| Sep-20 | 6.9               | 8.7   | 5.0     |
| Aug-20 | 7.8               | 9.3   | 6.1     |
| Jul-20 | 5.9               | 6.7   | 5.0     |
| Jun-20 | 4.5               | 3.9   | 5.0     |
| May-20 | 3.5               | 2.9   | 4.0     |
| Apr-20 | 2.4               | 1.9   | 2.9     |
| Mar-20 | 2.8               | 1.9   | 3.9     |
| Feb-20 | 3.3               | 2.8   | 4.9     |
| Jan-20 | 4.2               | 2.8   | 4.8     |
| Dec-19 | 4.2               | 3.7   | 4.8     |
| Nov-19 | 3.7               | 3.7   | 3.7     |
| Oct-19 | 3.3               | 3.7   | 2.9     |
| Sep-19 | 2.3               | 2.8   | x       |

Unemployment Rate, 25+, Males and Females, September 2019 - September 2021



x = suppressed

Note: Data may not add up to the totals due to rounding.

## Labour Force, *Unadjusted* and Annual, aged 15+ years, Yukon

### Highlights:

- Compared to August 2021, full-time employment in September 2021 decreased by 200 to 18,800; part-time employment increased by 200 to 3,500.
- In September 2021, employment in the goods-producing sector (3,100) decreased by 100 compared to August 2021. Employment in the services-producing sector (19,100) remained the same.
- Of all those employed in September 2021: 45.9% were public sector employees (see note on page 7); 37.8% were private sector employees; and 16.2% were self-employed.

|        | Labour Force |        |         | Employment |        |         | Unemployment |       |         |
|--------|--------------|--------|---------|------------|--------|---------|--------------|-------|---------|
|        | Both sexes   | Males  | Females | Both sexes | Males  | Females | Both sexes   | Males | Females |
| Sep-21 | 23,500       | 12,300 | 11,100  | 22,200     | 11,800 | 10,400  | 1,300        | 500   | 700     |
| Aug-21 | 23,500       | 12,300 | 11,200  | 22,300     | 11,700 | 10,600  | 1,200        | 700   | 600     |
| Jul-21 | 23,600       | 12,300 | 11,300  | 22,200     | 11,600 | 10,500  | 1,400        | 600   | 700     |
| Jun-21 | 23,700       | 12,200 | 11,600  | 22,000     | 11,400 | 10,700  | 1,700        | 800   | 900     |
| May-21 | 23,600       | 12,000 | 11,700  | 21,900     | 11,000 | 10,800  | 1,800        | 900   | 900     |
| Apr-21 | 23,600       | 11,900 | 11,700  | 22,000     | 11,000 | 11,000  | 1,600        | 900   | 700     |
| Mar-21 | 23,600       | 11,800 | 11,700  | 21,800     | 10,700 | 11,100  | 1,800        | 1,200 | 600     |
| Feb-21 | 23,200       | 11,700 | 11,500  | 21,500     | 10,700 | 10,800  | 1,600        | 900   | 700     |
| Jan-21 | 22,900       | 11,300 | 11,600  | 21,500     | 10,500 | 11,000  | 1,400        | 900   | 500     |
| Dec-20 | 22,800       | 11,200 | 11,600  | 21,600     | 10,500 | 11,100  | 1,200        | 700   | 500     |
| Nov-20 | 22,900       | 11,300 | 11,600  | 21,900     | 10,600 | 11,300  | 1,000        | 700   | 300     |
| Oct-20 | 22,900       | 11,600 | 11,300  | 21,600     | 10,700 | 10,900  | 1,300        | 900   | 400     |
| Sep-20 | 22,900       | 11,700 | 11,200  | 21,600     | 10,900 | 10,700  | 1,300        | 800   | 500     |
| 2020   | 22,900       | 11,500 | 11,300  | 21,700     | 10,900 | 10,800  | 1,200        | 700   | 500     |
| 2019   | 24,100       | 12,300 | 11,800  | 23,200     | 11,700 | 11,500  | 900          | 500   | 300     |
| 2018   | 23,400       | 12,000 | 11,500  | 22,700     | 11,500 | 11,200  | 700          | 500   | 200     |
| 2017   | 23,500       | 12,200 | 11,300  | 22,600     | 11,600 | 11,000  | 900          | 600   | 300     |
| 2016   | 22,600       | 11,600 | 11,100  | 21,400     | 10,800 | 10,500  | 1,300        | 700   | 500     |
| 2015   | 21,500       | 11,300 | 10,200  | 20,100     | 10,500 | 9,700   | 1,300        | 800   | 500     |
| 2014   | 21,300       | 11,000 | 10,300  | 20,400     | 10,500 | 10,000  | 900          | 600   | 300     |
| 2013   | 20,700       | 10,600 | 10,000  | 19,600     | 9,900  | 9,600   | 1,100        | 700   | 400     |
| 2012   | 20,900       | 10,700 | 10,300  | 19,500     | 9,700  | 9,800   | 1,500        | 1,000 | 500     |
| 2011   | 20,500       | 10,600 | 10,000  | 19,400     | 9,900  | 9,500   | 1,100        | 600   | 500     |

|        | Unemployment rate |       |         | Participation rate |       |         | Employment rate |       |         |
|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|--------------------|-------|---------|-----------------|-------|---------|
|        | Both sexes        | Males | Females | Both sexes         | Males | Females | Both sexes      | Males | Females |
| Sep-21 | 5.5               | 4.1   | 6.3     | 71.4               | 73.7  | 68.5    | 67.5            | 70.7  | 64.2    |
| Aug-21 | 5.1               | 5.7   | 5.4     | 71.6               | 73.7  | 69.1    | 68.0            | 70.1  | 65.4    |
| Jul-21 | 5.9               | 4.9   | 6.2     | 72.2               | 74.1  | 70.2    | 67.9            | 69.9  | 65.2    |
| Jun-21 | 7.2               | 6.6   | 7.8     | 72.7               | 73.5  | 72.0    | 67.5            | 68.7  | 66.5    |
| May-21 | 7.6               | 7.5   | 7.7     | 72.6               | 72.7  | 73.1    | 67.4            | 66.7  | 67.5    |
| Apr-21 | 6.8               | 7.6   | 6.0     | 72.6               | 72.1  | 73.1    | 67.7            | 66.7  | 68.8    |
| Mar-21 | 7.6               | 10.2  | 5.1     | 72.8               | 71.5  | 73.1    | 67.3            | 64.8  | 69.4    |
| Feb-21 | 6.9               | 7.7   | 6.1     | 71.6               | 70.9  | 71.9    | 66.4            | 64.8  | 67.5    |
| Jan-21 | 6.1               | 8.0   | 4.3     | 70.7               | 68.5  | 73.0    | 66.4            | 63.6  | 69.2    |
| Dec-20 | 5.3               | 6.3   | 4.3     | 70.4               | 67.9  | 73.0    | 66.7            | 63.6  | 69.8    |
| Nov-20 | 4.4               | 6.2   | 2.6     | 70.7               | 68.5  | 73.0    | 67.6            | 64.2  | 71.1    |
| Oct-20 | 5.7               | 7.8   | 3.5     | 70.7               | 70.3  | 71.1    | 66.7            | 64.8  | 68.6    |
| Sep-20 | 5.7               | 6.8   | 4.5     | 70.7               | 71.3  | 70.4    | 66.7            | 66.5  | 67.3    |
| 2020   | 5.2               | 6.1   | 4.4     | 70.9               | 70.1  | 71.1    | 67.2            | 66.5  | 67.9    |
| 2019   | 3.7               | 4.1   | 2.5     | 76.0               | 75.9  | 75.6    | 73.2            | 72.2  | 73.7    |
| 2018   | 3.0               | 4.2   | 1.7     | 75.2               | 75.9  | 75.7    | 73.0            | 72.8  | 73.7    |
| 2017   | 3.8               | 4.9   | 2.7     | 77.3               | 79.2  | 75.8    | 74.3            | 75.3  | 73.8    |
| 2016   | 5.8               | 6.0   | 4.5     | 76.6               | 77.3  | 76.6    | 72.5            | 72.0  | 72.4    |
| 2015   | 6.0               | 7.1   | 4.9     | 74.4               | 77.4  | 71.8    | 69.6            | 71.9  | 68.3    |
| 2014   | 4.2               | 5.5   | 2.9     | 75.3               | 76.4  | 74.1    | 72.1            | 72.9  | 71.9    |
| 2013   | 5.3               | 6.6   | 4.0     | 74.2               | 74.6  | 73.0    | 70.3            | 69.7  | 70.1    |
| 2012   | 7.2               | 9.3   | 4.9     | 75.7               | 76.4  | 75.7    | 70.7            | 69.3  | 72.1    |
| 2011   | 5.4               | 5.7   | 5.0     | 76.5               | 77.9  | 75.8    | 72.4            | 72.8  | 72.0    |

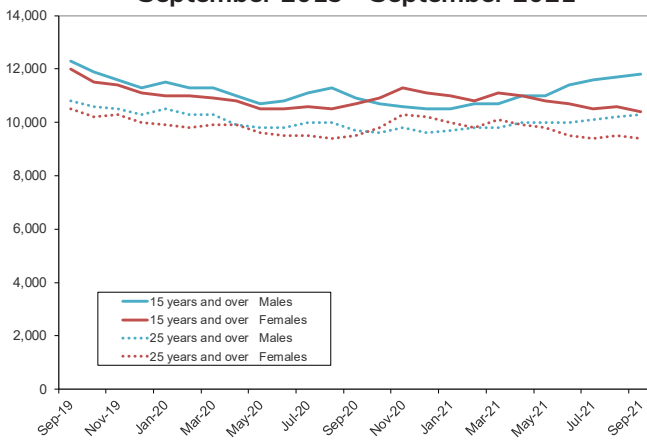
Note: Data may not add up to the totals due to rounding.

## Labour Force, *Unadjusted*, by Age and Sex, September 2021

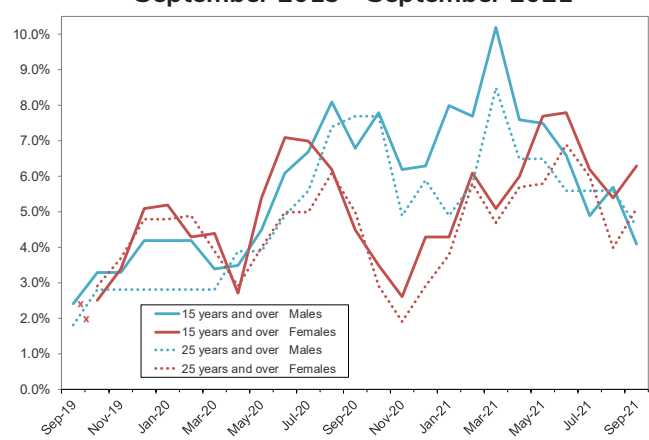
| Sex        | Age Group | Labour force | Employment | Unemployment | Not in labour force | Unemployment rate | Participation rate | Employment rate |
|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Both Sexes | 15 +      | 23,500       | 22,200     | 1,300        | 9,500               | 5.5               | 71.4               | 67.5            |
|            | 15 - 24   | 2,800        | 2,500      | 300          | 1,400               | 10.7              | 66.7               | 59.5            |
|            | 25 +      | 20,700       | 19,700     | 1,000        | 8,100               | 4.8               | 72.1               | 68.6            |
|            | 25 - 54   | 15,600       | 14,700     | 900          | 2,100               | 5.8               | 88.1               | 83.1            |
|            | 55 +      | 5,100        | 5,000      | x            | 6,000               | x                 | 45.9               | 45.0            |
| Males      | 15 +      | 12,300       | 11,800     | 500          | 4,400               | 4.1               | 73.7               | 70.7            |
|            | 15 - 24   | 1,600        | 1,500      | x            | 600                 | x                 | 72.7               | 68.2            |
|            | 25 +      | 10,800       | 10,300     | 500          | 3,800               | 4.6               | 74.0               | 70.5            |
|            | 25 - 54   | 7,900        | 7,400      | 500          | 900                 | 6.3               | 89.8               | 84.1            |
|            | 55 +      | 2,900        | 2,900      | x            | 2,900               | x                 | 50.9               | 50.9            |
| Females    | 15 +      | 11,100       | 10,400     | 700          | 5,100               | 6.3               | 68.5               | 64.2            |
|            | 15 - 24   | 1,200        | 1,000      | 200          | 800                 | 16.7              | 60.0               | 50.0            |
|            | 25 +      | 9,900        | 9,400      | 500          | 4,300               | 5.1               | 69.7               | 66.2            |
|            | 25 - 54   | 7,700        | 7,200      | 500          | 1,100               | 6.5               | 87.5               | 81.8            |
|            | 55 +      | 2,200        | 2,200      | x            | 3,100               | x                 | 41.5               | 41.5            |

x = suppressed

Employment by Age and Sex, September 2019 - September 2021



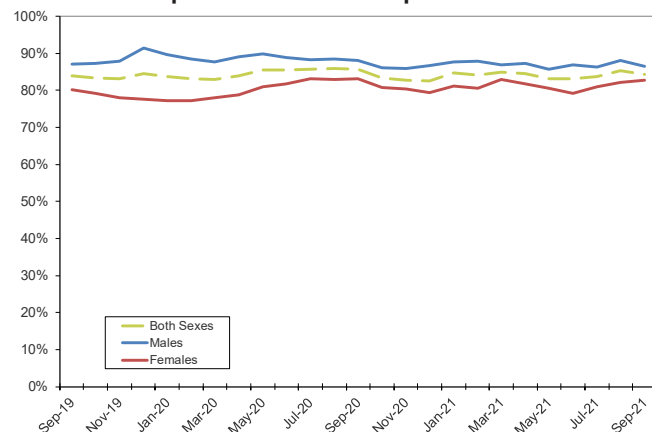
Unemployment Rate by Age and Sex, September 2019 - September 2021



- Comparing September 2021 to August 2021, the unemployment rate for males aged 15 years and over decreased from 5.7% to 4.1%, and the rate for males aged 25 years and over decreased to 5.6% from 4.6%. Over the same period, the rate for females aged 15 years and over increased from 5.4% to 6.3%, and the rate for females aged 25 years and over, increased from 4.0% to 5.1%.
- The unemployment rate for Yukon's youth (aged 15-24 years) increased from 7.1% in August 2021 to 10.7% in September 2021.

## Employment, *Unadjusted*, by Full-time/Part-time, September 2021

Full-time employment as a percentage of all employment, September 2019 - September 2021



- Of employed Yukoners aged 15 years and over, 18,800, or 84.3%, were employed full-time in September 2021. Yukon had the sixth-highest proportion of full-time employment among provinces and territories. Nationally, 81.4% of employed Canadians worked full-time in September 2021.
- Of employed Yukon males, 86.4% worked full-time, compared to 82.7% of employed Yukon females.
- Comparing September 2021 to August 2021, full-time employment decreased by 200 to 18,800. Part-time employment increased by 200 to 3,500.

## Employment, *Unadjusted*, by Industry, September 2021

|   | Both sexes | Males  | Females |
|---|------------|--------|---------|
| <b>Total employed</b>                           | 22,200     | 11,800 | 10,400  |
| Goods-producing sector                          | 3,100      | 2,600  | 500     |
| Construction                                    | 2,000      | 1,800  | 200     |
| Services-producing sector                       | 19,100     | 9,200  | 9,900   |
| Trade   | 2,700      | 1,800  | 900     |
| Transportation and warehousing                  | 700        | 600    | x       |
| Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing     | 600        | 400    | 200     |
| Professional, scientific and technical services | 1,300      | 900    | 400     |
| Educational services                            | 2,000      | 700    | 1,400   |
| Health care and social assistance               | 3,200      | 800    | 2,400   |
| Information, culture and recreation             | 1,100      | 800    | 400     |
| Accommodation and food services                 | 1,600      | 700    | 800     |
| Other services                                  | 700        | 300    | 400     |
| Public administration                           | 4,900      | 1,900  | 3,000   |

x = suppressed

Notes:

The sum of industries does not equal sector totals as industries with fewer than 500 workers are not shown; row data may not add up to industry totals due to rounding. 'Industry' refers to the general nature of the business carried out by the employer for whom the LFS respondent works (main job only).

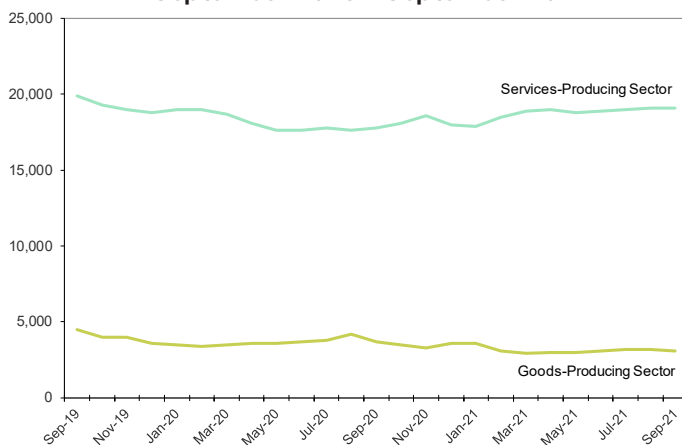
- In September 2021, 19,100, or 86.0% of working Yukoners were employed in the services-producing sector, while 3,100, or 14.0%, were employed in the goods-producing sector.
- Of Yukoners working in the goods-producing sector, 64.5% had jobs in the construction industry.
- While females accounted for 51.8% of workers in Yukon's services-producing sector, only 16.1% of the goods-producing sector workers were female.

### Goods- and services-producing sectors

The goods-producing sector includes industries that are involved in extracting resources directly from the earth (e.g. farming, mining, logging) or processing the resources (e.g. utilities, construction, manufacturing). Yukon's goods-producing sector consists primarily of industries in construction and mining.

The services-producing sector includes industries involved in the provision of services.

### Goods- and Services-Producing Sectors, September 2019 - September 2021



- Employment in Yukon's goods-producing sector peaked in July 2019 with 4,700 workers. Employment in the services-producing sector reached a record-high level (20,300) in July through September 2017.
- Comparing September 2021 to August 2021, employment in the goods-producing sector decreased by 100 to 3,100 and employment in the services-producing sector remained the same at 19,100.

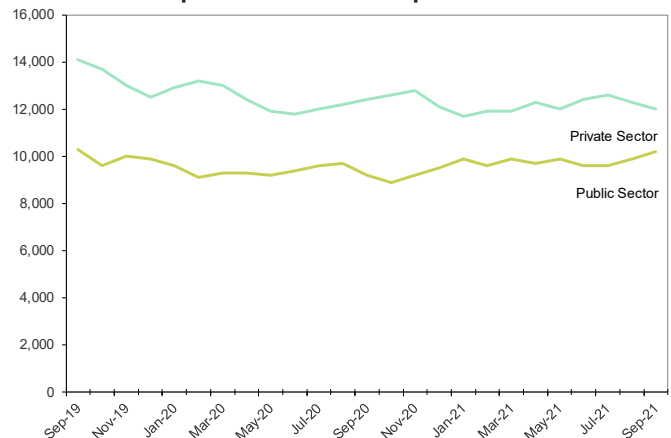
## Public and Private Sectors, *Unadjusted*, September 2021

|                          | Both sexes | Males  | Females |
|--------------------------|------------|--------|---------|
| <b>Total employed</b>    | 22,200     | 11,800 | 10,400  |
| Public sector employees  | 10,200     | 4,300  | 6,000   |
| Total private sector     | 12,000     | 7,500  | 4,400   |
| Private sector employees | 8,400      | 5,400  | 3,000   |
| Self-employed            | 3,600      | 2,100  | 1,400   |

Note: Data may not add up to the totals due to rounding.

- In September 2021, 45.9% of working Yukoners were employed by one of the four levels of government in the territory.
- In the private sector, 30.0% were self-employed.
- Comparing September 2021 to August 2021, private sector employment decreased by 300 to 12,000 and public sector employment increased by 300 to 10,200.

### Public/Private Sector Employment, September 2019 - September 2021



Notes: 'Employees' include full-time, part-time, permanent and temporary employees.

'Public employees' are those who work for: a government at the federal, provincial, territorial or municipal level; a First Nation or other Aboriginal government; a government service or agency; a Crown corporation; or for a government funded establishment such as schools (including colleges/universities), hospitals and public libraries.

'Private employees' include all employees who work for private firms or businesses.



## Labour Force Survey Definitions

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**Employment** — Employed persons are those who, during the reference week, did any work for pay or profit, or had a job and were absent from work.

**Employment rate** — Also referred to as “employment/population ratio,” it is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The employment rate for a particular group (for example, women aged 25 years and over) is the number employed in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

**Goods-Producing Industries** — Goods-Producing Industries (or goods sector, or goods industries): includes agriculture, other primary industries (forestry; fishing and trapping; mines, quarries and oil wells), manufacturing, construction and utilities (electric power, gas and water).

**Labour force** — The labour force is the civilian non-institutional population 15 years of age and over who, during the survey reference week, were employed or unemployed.

**Not in the labour force** — Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the reference week, were unwilling or unable to offer or supply labour services under conditions existing in their labour markets; that is, they were neither employed nor unemployed.

**Participation rate** — The participation rate is the total labour force expressed as a percentage of the population aged 15 years and over. The participation rate for a particular group (for example, women aged 25 years and over) is the labour force in that group expressed as a percentage of the population for that group.

**Reference Week** — The reference week is the entire calendar week (from Sunday to Saturday) covered by the Labour Force Survey each month. It is usually the week containing the 15th day of the month. The interviews are conducted during the following week, called the Survey Week, and the labour force status determined is that of the reference week.

**Seasonal adjustment** — Fluctuations in economic time series are caused by seasonal, cyclical and irregular movements. A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated.

**Note:** Labour Force Survey (LFS) data for the territories are three-month moving averages based on the information collected for the third week of each month.

Seasonal movements are defined as those that are caused by regular annual events such as climate, holidays, vacation periods and cycles related to crops, production and retail sales associated with Christmas and Easter. It should be noted that the seasonally adjusted series contain irregular as well as longer-term cyclical fluctuations.

**Self-employed** — There are two broad categories of workers: those who work for others and those who work for themselves, namely, the self-employed. The self-employed includes working owners of incorporated businesses, working owners of unincorporated businesses and other self-employed.

**Service-Producing Industries** — Service-Producing Industries (or service sector, or service industries): includes trade; transportation and warehousing; finance, insurance, real estate and leasing; professional, scientific and technical services; management, administrative and other support; educational services; health care and social assistance; information, culture and recreation; accommodation and food services; other services; and public administration.

**Three-Month Moving Average** — All monthly figures for the Territories, whether seasonally adjusted or unadjusted, are three-month moving averages – for example, the June 2021 unemployment rate of 6.1% is actually an average of the unemployment rates for the months of April, May and June. July’s unemployment rate became the average of the rates for May, June and July. Because they are three-month moving averages, the Territories’ figures are not included in the calculation of Canada’s numbers.

**Unemployment** — Unemployed persons are those who, during the reference week, were available for work and were either on temporary layoff, had looked for work in the past four weeks, or had a job to start within the next four weeks.

**Unemployment rate** — The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force. The unemployment rate for a particular group (age, sex, marital status, etc.) is the number unemployed in that group expressed as a percentage of the labour force for that group.

October 2021

Next release date: November 9, 2021