



Employment Insurance, January 2022 (preliminary)

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In January 2022, the preliminary number of EI beneficiaries (seasonally adjusted) receiving regular income support benefits¹ in Yukon was 800; of which 490 were men and 320 were women. Compared to January 2021, the total number of beneficiaries decreased by 570, or 41.6%; compared to the December 2021 preliminary figure, the total number of beneficiaries increased by 20 or 2.6%.

Nationally, the preliminary number of EI beneficiaries (seasonally adjusted) in January 2022 decreased 58.9% compared to January 2021 and decreased 0.4% compared to the December 2021 preliminary figure.

Number of beneficiaries receiving regular income-support benefits¹, by sex and age group (seasonally adjusted) January 2022 (preliminary)

	Jan '21	Dec '21 ^P	Jan '22 ^P	Dec '21 to Jan '22	Jan '21 to Jan '22	Dec '21 to Jan '22	Jan '21 to Jan '22
	number ²			change in number ²		% change	
Canada							
Both Sexes	1,538,800	635,740	633,130	-2,610	-905,670	-0.4	-58.9
15 to 24 years	254,590	86,780	84,860	-1,920	-169,730	-2.2	-66.7
25 to 54 years	910,580	372,440	371,950	-490	-538,630	-0.1	-59.2
55 years and over	373,630	176,530	176,320	-210	-197,310	-0.1	-52.8
Men	788,730	365,410	357,870	-7,540	-430,860	-2.1	-54.6
Women	750,070	270,340	275,260	4,920	-474,810	1.8	-63.3
Yukon							
Both Sexes	1,370	780	800	20	-570	2.6	-41.6
15 to 24 years	160	70	70	0	-90	0.0	-56.3
25 to 54 years	900	510	530	20	-370	3.9	-41.1
55 years and over	310	190	200	10	-110	5.3	-35.5
Men	830	490	490	0	-340	0.0	-41.0
Women	530	290	320	30	-210	10.3	-39.6

^P = preliminary

¹ Includes people who receive regular income benefits whether or not they participate in one of three employment benefit programs, namely Skills Development Program, Job Creation Partnerships Program and Self-employment Program.

² The numbers may not add up to totals due to rounding.

Notes to Readers:

- No methodological changes were made to the Employment Insurance Statistics (EIS) program over the COVID-19 period. EIS reflect the Employment Insurance (EI) program for the Labour Force Survey (LFS) reference week in each month.
- Temporary changes to the EI program that provided all new regular EI beneficiaries with a one-time credit of 300 insurable hours were introduced on September 27, 2020. In addition, the unemployment rate used to calculate their eligibility and entitlement weeks was 13.1%, unless their region's unemployment rate was higher.
- Data for the October 2020 reference period and onward consist of individuals who obtained EI benefits, and exclude beneficiaries of the Canada Recovery Benefits (Canada Recovery Benefit (CRB), Canada Recovery Caregiving Benefit (CRCB), and Canada Recovery Sickness Benefit (CRSB)).
- The number of beneficiaries is a measure of all people who received regular EI benefits from January 9 to 15. This period coincides with the reference week of the LFS.