



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies December 2021 (*preliminary*)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in December 2021, Yukon had 23,834 jobs¹, an increase of 1,657 jobs, or 7.5%, compared to December 2020 and an increase of 174 jobs, or 0.7%, compared to November 2021.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to December 2020, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Construction* sector (422 jobs, or 31.9%), followed by the *Health care and social assistance* sector (133 jobs, or 8.8%) and *Accommodation and food services* sector (104 jobs, or 6.1%).

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*including unclassified businesses*)

Geography	Dec '20	Nov '21 ^r	Dec '21 ^p	Nov '21 to Dec '21	Dec '20 to Dec '21
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
Canada	15,976,817	16,979,986	17,102,211	0.7%	7.0%
Newfoundland and Labrador	208,199	212,084	214,152	1.0%	2.9%
Prince Edward Island	68,439	71,920	73,128	1.7%	6.9%
Nova Scotia	409,370	427,570	428,199	0.1%	4.6%
New Brunswick	323,284	334,575	337,447	0.9%	4.4%
Quebec	3,616,898	3,877,493	3,898,119	0.5%	7.8%
Ontario	6,182,670	6,549,035	6,619,171	1.1%	7.1%
Manitoba	570,076	610,444	615,109	0.8%	7.9%
Saskatchewan	462,588	487,775	489,991	0.5%	5.9%
Alberta	1,841,537	1,958,833	1,968,071	0.5%	6.9%
British Columbia	2,227,758	2,380,346	2,388,461	0.3%	7.2%
Yukon	22,177	23,660	23,834	0.7%	7.5%
Northwest Territories	25,207	26,230	26,577	1.3%	5.4%
Nunavut	18,614	20,022	19,951	-0.4%	7.2%

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

² Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.



Average weekly earnings

The December 2021 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,331.69) was the third-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,575.31) and Nunavut (\$1,445.86). Yukon's earnings figure increased 4.2% compared to the figure for December 2020, Canada's figure was up 1.7%.

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	Dec '20	Nov '21 ^r	Dec '21 ^P	Nov '21 to Dec '21	Dec '20 to Dec '21
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
Canada	1,115.14	1,129.66	1,134.50	0.4%	1.7%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,079.85	1,103.47	1,104.89	0.1%	2.3%
Prince Edward Island	930.97	932.77	947.17	1.5%	1.7%
Nova Scotia	1,005.03	981.53	996.33	1.5%	-0.9%
New Brunswick	1,007.31	1,016.24	1,035.51	1.9%	2.8%
Quebec	1,052.76	1,079.95	1,077.24	-0.3%	2.3%
Ontario	1,148.49	1,155.71	1,160.35	0.4%	1.0%
Manitoba	1,019.06	1,019.98	1,031.21	1.1%	1.2%
Saskatchewan	1,097.90	1,109.39	1,121.87	1.1%	2.2%
Alberta	1,201.81	1,227.82	1,238.19	0.8%	3.0%
British Columbia	1,109.54	1,127.97	1,132.79	0.4%	2.1%
Yukon	1,278.44	1,322.24	1,331.69	0.7%	4.2%
Northwest Territories	1,503.28	1,535.15	1,575.31	2.6%	4.8%
Nunavut	1,498.25	1,536.57	1,445.86	-5.9%	-3.5%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in December 2021, there were 930 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 4.9%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Nov '21 ^r	Dec '21 ^P	Nov '21 ^r	Dec '21 ^P	Nov '21 ^r	Dec '21 ^P
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	874,695	896,140	16,350,985	16,341,265	5.1	5.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	5,040	6,305	187,045	195,250	2.6	3.1
Prince Edward Island	3,565	2,865	67,830	65,015	5.0	4.2
Nova Scotia	20,040	17,560	457,560	421,205	4.2	4.0
New Brunswick	11,815	14,110	293,495	322,100	3.9	4.2
Quebec	231,770	242,635	3,719,935	3,709,405	5.9	6.1
Ontario	331,905	338,850	6,303,175	6,327,670	5.0	5.1
Manitoba	27,255	21,320	584,320	580,920	4.5	3.5
Saskatchewan	17,885	21,360	473,660	469,880	3.6	4.3
Alberta	88,035	74,200	1,933,520	1,933,100	4.4	3.7
British Columbia	134,305	154,650	2,275,880	2,262,640	5.6	6.4
Yukon	1,195	930	18,800	18,225	6.0	4.9
Northwest Territories	1,345	990	20,895	20,405	6.1	4.6
Nunavut	540	365	14,875	15,455	3.5	2.3

^F = too unreliable to be published

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.