



## Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies

July 2022 (preliminary)

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### Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in July 2022, Yukon had 23,843 jobs<sup>1</sup>, an increase of 1,187 jobs, or 5.2%, compared to July 2021 and an increase of 129 jobs, or 0.5%, compared to June 2022.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to July 2021, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Public Administration* sector (546 jobs, or 8.0%), followed by the *Construction* sector (390 jobs, or 24.9%), and the *Accommodation and food services* sector (215 jobs, or 13.7%).

### Employment for all employees<sup>1</sup>,

Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '21	Jun '22 <sup>r</sup>	Jul '22 <sup>p</sup>	Jun '22 to Jul '22	Jul '21 to Jul '22
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
<b>Canada</b>	<b>16,613,596</b>	<b>17,582,865</b>	<b>17,595,749</b>	<b>0.1%</b>	<b>5.9%</b>
Newfoundland and Labrador	210,749	222,205	217,906	-1.9%	3.4%
Prince Edward Island	69,156	74,733	75,089	0.5%	8.6%
Nova Scotia	417,785	437,239	436,126	-0.3%	4.4%
New Brunswick	331,373	343,482	343,162	-0.1%	3.6%
Quebec	3,793,224	3,986,594	3,984,498	-0.1%	5.0%
Ontario	6,399,767	6,812,683	6,818,721	0.1%	6.5%
Manitoba	603,453	626,149	627,529	0.2%	4.0%
Saskatchewan	472,499	494,142	492,459	-0.3%	4.2%
Alberta	1,934,940	2,044,241	2,052,377	0.4%	6.1%
British Columbia	2,312,530	2,470,092	2,476,565	0.3%	7.1%
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>22,656</b>	<b>23,714</b>	<b>23,843</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>5.2%</b>
Northwest Territories	26,130	26,751	27,183	1.6%	4.0%
Nunavut	19,335	20,839	20,292	-2.6%	4.9%

<sup>r</sup> = revised; <sup>p</sup> = preliminary data

\* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

<sup>1</sup> The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

<sup>2</sup> Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.



## Average weekly earnings

The July 2022 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,1339.21) was the third-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,557.31) and Nunavut (\$1,511.58). Yukon's earnings figure increased 2.9% compared to the figure for July 2021, Canada's figure increased by 2.9% over the same time period.

### Average weekly earnings<sup>1</sup> including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	Jul '21	Jun '22 <sup>r</sup>	Jul '22 <sup>p</sup>	Jun '22 to Jul '22	Jul '21 to Jul '22
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
<b>Canada</b>	<b>1,130.60</b>	<b>1,158.68</b>	<b>1,163.23</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>2.9%</b>
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,104.56	1,143.48	1,140.40	-0.3%	3.2%
Prince Edward Island	962.62	962.49	980.01	1.8%	1.8%
Nova Scotia	985.36	1,037.74	1,021.88	-1.5%	3.7%
New Brunswick	1,008.51	1,082.69	1,068.49	-1.3%	5.9%
Quebec	1,056.70	1,105.66	1,119.35	1.2%	5.9%
Ontario	1,162.72	1,186.55	1,190.25	0.3%	2.4%
Manitoba	1,022.15	1,055.09	1,054.32	-0.1%	3.1%
Saskatchewan	1,108.82	1,138.59	1,140.16	0.1%	2.8%
Alberta	1,233.71	1,256.69	1,247.09	-0.8%	1.1%
British Columbia	1,140.52	1,166.65	1,162.06	-0.4%	1.9%
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>1,301.22</b>	<b>1,341.25</b>	<b>1,339.21</b>	<b>-0.2%</b>	<b>2.9%</b>
Northwest Territories	1,563.50	1,540.14	1,557.31	1.1%	-0.4%
Nunavut	1,503.07	1,526.07	1,511.58	-0.9%	0.6%

<sup>r</sup> = revised; <sup>p</sup> = preliminary data

<sup>1</sup> Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



## Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in July 2022, there were 1,510 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 7.2%.

### Job vacancies<sup>1</sup> and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies <sup>2</sup>		Payroll employees <sup>3</sup>		Job vacancy rate <sup>4</sup>	
	Jun '22 <sup>r</sup>	Jul '22 <sup>p</sup>	Jun '22 <sup>r</sup>	Jul '22 <sup>p</sup>	Jun '22 <sup>r</sup>	Jul '22 <sup>p</sup>
	Number				Percentage	
<b>Canada</b>	<b>1,020,395</b>	<b>964,035</b>	<b>16,677,455</b>	<b>17,055,040</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>5.4</b>
Newfoundland and Labrador	8,610	8,160	199,945	223,180	4.1	3.5
Prince Edward Island	3,510	2,320	71,000	73,880	4.7	3.0
Nova Scotia	23,410	20,600	434,995	421,535	5.1	4.7
New Brunswick	15,595	14,675	335,480	338,020	4.4	4.2
Quebec	260,515	246,295	3,766,685	3,893,180	6.5	5.9
Ontario	370,735	360,545	6,446,940	6,578,660	5.4	5.2
Manitoba	28,230	29,965	587,245	619,740	4.6	4.6
Saskatchewan	26,750	21,370	476,270	490,130	5.3	4.2
Alberta	102,365	103,130	1,981,295	1,987,910	4.9	4.9
British Columbia	177,540	153,060	2,323,820	2,372,855	7.1	6.1
<b>Yukon</b>	<b>1,520</b>	<b>1,510</b>	<b>18,355</b>	<b>19,525</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>7.2</b>
Northwest Territories	F	F	20,490	21,335	F	F
Nunavut	F	F	14,935	15,095	F	F

F = too unreliable to be published

r = revised; p = preliminary data

<sup>1</sup> Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

<sup>2</sup> A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

<sup>4</sup> The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.