



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies

May 2022 (preliminary)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in May 2022, Yukon had 23,454 jobs¹, an increase of 1,008 jobs, or 4.5%, compared to May 2021 and a decrease of 79 jobs, or 0.3%, compared to April 2022.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to May 2021, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Public Administration* sector (277 jobs, or 4.1%), followed by the *Construction* sector (226 jobs, or 14.9%) and the *Accommodation and food services* sector (215 jobs, or 14.1%).

Employment for all employees¹,

Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	May '21	Apr '22 ^r	May '22 ^p	Apr '22 to May '22	May '21 to May '22
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
Canada	16,066,159	17,452,287	17,426,156	-0.1%	8.5%
Newfoundland and Labrador	214,304	218,697	219,981	0.6%	2.6%
Prince Edward Island	69,277	74,448	75,033	0.8%	8.3%
Nova Scotia	407,879	437,860	438,744	0.2%	7.6%
New Brunswick	327,293	342,747	343,120	0.1%	4.8%
Quebec	3,693,338	3,959,079	3,958,202	0.0%	7.2%
Ontario	6,114,752	6,760,191	6,730,150	-0.4%	10.1%
Manitoba	591,553	620,257	617,717	-0.4%	4.4%
Saskatchewan	467,994	491,424	492,307	0.2%	5.2%
Alberta	1,861,662	2,030,642	2,027,304	-0.2%	8.9%
British Columbia	2,250,039	2,445,907	2,452,896	0.3%	9.0%
Yukon	22,446	23,533	23,454	-0.3%	4.5%
Northwest Territories	25,892	26,827	26,495	-1.2%	2.3%
Nunavut	19,729	20,676	20,754	0.4%	5.2%

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

² Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.



Average weekly earnings

The May 2022 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,328.79) was the third-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,560.50) and Nunavut (\$1,527.20). Yukon's earnings figure increased 3.9% compared to the figure for May 2021, Canada's figure increased by 2.5% over the same time period.

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

Geography	May '21	Apr '22 ^r	May '22 ^p	Apr '22 to May '22	May '21 to May '22
	Current dollars			Percentage change	
Canada	1,131.08	1,160.84	1,159.85	-0.1%	2.5%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,086.04	1,136.53	1,150.36	1.2%	5.9%
Prince Edward Island	947.15	961.39	958.72	-0.3%	1.2%
Nova Scotia	988.41	1,025.35	1,007.21	-1.8%	1.9%
New Brunswick	998.43	1,073.28	1,072.20	-0.1%	7.4%
Quebec	1,070.75	1,112.23	1,108.87	-0.3%	3.6%
Ontario	1,172.50	1,197.45	1,196.82	-0.1%	2.1%
Manitoba	1,029.59	1,039.18	1,041.21	0.2%	1.1%
Saskatchewan	1,103.73	1,134.90	1,135.44	0.0%	2.9%
Alberta	1,226.88	1,247.22	1,250.65	0.3%	1.9%
British Columbia	1,118.59	1,164.49	1,159.34	-0.4%	3.6%
Yukon	1,278.83	1,330.25	1,328.79	-0.1%	3.9%
Northwest Territories	1,519.06	1,524.28	1,560.50	2.4%	2.7%
Nunavut	1,490.08	1,495.77	1,527.20	2.1%	2.5%

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in May 2022, there were 1,750 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 9.0%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Apr '22 ^r	May '22 ^P	Apr '22 ^r	May '22 ^P	Apr '22 ^r	May '22 ^P
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	1,001,135	1,005,660	16,225,950	16,461,910	5.8	5.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	8,675	9,135	200,730	176,000	4.1	4.9
Prince Edward Island	3,850	5,480	61,355	64,415	5.9	7.8
Nova Scotia	20,130	24,580	387,650	451,640	4.9	5.2
New Brunswick	16,180	18,005	294,560	291,760	5.2	5.8
Quebec	238,685	253,825	3,704,065	3,727,590	6.1	6.4
Ontario	378,160	367,775	6,288,685	6,384,830	5.7	5.4
Manitoba	27,965	32,235	592,955	586,275	4.5	5.2
Saskatchewan	23,990	25,580	461,880	474,160	4.9	5.1
Alberta	112,860	106,630	1,893,210	1,938,900	5.6	5.2
British Columbia	167,340	158,550	2,287,510	2,312,335	6.8	6.4
Yukon	1,675	1,750	17,415	17,765	8.8	9.0
Northwest Territories	1,340	1,460	20,760	20,895	6.1	6.5
Nunavut	275	650	15,180	15,345	1.8	4.1

^F = too unreliable to be published

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.