

Department of Finance Yukon Bureau of Statistics



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies November 2021 (*preliminary*)

Released by Statistics Canada – January 27, 2022

Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in November 2021, Yukon had 23,611 jobs¹, an increase of 1,696 jobs, or 7.7%, compared to November 2020 and a decrease of 188 jobs, or 0.8%, compared to October 2021.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to November 2020, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Accommodation and food services* sector (191 jobs, or 11.4%) followed by the *Construction* sector (174 jobs, or 13.1%) and the *Health care and social assistance* sector (142 jobs, or 9.4%).

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*including* unclassified businesses)

Geography	Nov '20	Oct '21 ^r	Nov '21 ^p	Oct '21 to Nov '21	Nov '20 to Nov '21
Cography		sons (thousand	Percentage change		
Canada	15,928,809	16,933,066	16,970,250	0.2%	6.5%
Newfoundland and Labrador	205,942	209,102	212,747	1.7%	3.3%
Prince Edward Island	67,488	70,994	72,025	1.5%	6.7%
Nova Scotia	410,241	424,256	428,691	1.0%	4.5%
New Brunswick	321,168	333,500	334,559	0.3%	4.2%
Quebec	3,602,445	3,855,631	3,879,431	0.6%	7.7%
Ontario	6,151,684	6,533,498	6,543,565	0.2%	6.4%
Manitoba	575,834	610,587	609,433	-0.2%	5.8%
Saskatchewan	465,118	490,070	486,739	-0.7%	4.6%
Alberta	1,841,493	1,965,383	1,956,552	-0.4%	6.2%
British Columbia	2,221,875	2,370,537	2,376,485	0.3%	7.0%
Yukon	21,915	23,799	23,611	-0.8%	7.7%
Northwest Territories	24,853	26,488	26,365	-0.5%	6.1%
Nunavut	18,754	19,221	20,045	4.3%	6.9%

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

^{*} Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

² Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.



Department of Finance Yukon Bureau of Statistics



Average weekly earnings

The November 2021 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,327.14) was the third-highest in Canada, following Nunavut (\$1,542.43) and the Northwest Territories (\$1,519.38). Yukon's earnings figure increased 3.8% compared to the figure for November 2020, Canada's figure was up 1.9%.

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (excluding unclassified businesses)

			n	Oct '21 to	Nov '20 to
Geography	Nov '20	Oct '21 ^r	Nov '21 ^p	Nov '21	Nov '21
		Current dollars	Percentage change		
Canada	1,109.55	1,129.72	1,130.81	0.1%	1.9%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,076.14	1,097.77	1,105.11	0.7%	2.7%
Prince Edward Island	932.12	941.85	921.34	-2.2%	-1.2%
Nova Scotia	953.04	988.63	978.45	-1.0%	2.7%
New Brunswick	991.03	1,006.11	1,010.52	0.4%	2.0%
Quebec	1,057.67	1,071.69	1,079.42	0.7%	2.1%
Ontario	1,147.70	1,166.66	1,156.74	-0.9%	0.8%
Manitoba	1,001.38	1,028.34	1,021.06	-0.7%	2.0%
Saskatchewan	1,083.62	1,117.50	1,108.58	-0.8%	2.3%
Alberta	1,195.59	1,223.67	1,231.81	0.7%	3.0%
British Columbia	1,098.85	1,135.32	1,131.26	-0.4%	2.9%
Yukon	1,278.88	1,323.52	1,327.14	0.3%	3.8%
Northwest Territories	1,492.93	1,596.65	1,519.38	-4.8%	1.8%
Nunavut	1,469.21	1,498.57	1,542.43	2.9%	5.0%

r = revised; p = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



Department of Finance Yukon Bureau of Statistics



Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in November 2021, there were 1,195 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 6.0%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
Geography	Oct '21 ^r	Nov '21 ^p	Oct '21 ^r	Nov '21 ^p	Oct '21 ^r	Nov '21 ^p
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	964,310	874,695	16,219,280	16,350,985	5.6	5.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	8,615	5,040	198,540	187,045	4.2	2.6
Prince Edward Island	3,600	3,565	68,235	67,830	5.0	5.0
Nova Scotia	20,800	20,040	418,980	457,560	4.7	4.2
New Brunswick	14,890	11,815	311,915	293,495	4.6	3.9
Quebec	249,520	231,770	3,706,450	3,719,935	6.3	5.9
Ontario	370,540	331,905	6,230,285	6,303,175	5.6	5.0
Manitoba	25,355	27,255	583,745	584,320	4.2	4.5
Saskatchewan	19,100	17,885	475,225	473,660	3.9	3.6
Alberta	96,790	88,035	1,905,925	1,933,520	4.8	4.4
British Columbia	151,770	134,305	2,265,360	2,275,880	6.3	5.6
Yukon	1,425	1,195	18,965	18,800	7.0	6.0
Northwest Territories	F	1,345	21,055	20,895	F	6.1
Nunavut	595	540	14,600	14,875	3.9	3.5

F = too unreliable to be published

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.