



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies October 2021 (preliminary)

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Payroll employment

Preliminary seasonally adjusted estimates show that in October 2021, Yukon had 23,895 jobs¹, an increase of 1,861 jobs, or 8.4%, compared to October 2020 and an increase of 491 jobs, or 2.1%, compared to September 2021.

Based on the preliminary estimates, compared to October 2020, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the *Accommodation and food services* sector (303 jobs, or 20.1%) followed by the *Health care and social assistance* sector (108 jobs, or 7.1%) and the *Construction* sector (106 jobs, or 6.9%).

Employment for all employees¹, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Oct '20	Sep '21 ^r	Oct '21 ^P	Sep '21 to Oct '21	Oct '20 to Oct '21
	Persons (thousands)			Percentage change	
Canada	16,000,314	16,802,044	16,933,732	0.8%	5.8%
Newfoundland and Labrador	203,465	209,836	208,915	-0.4%	2.7%
Prince Edward Island	66,808	70,342	71,051	1.0%	6.4%
Nova Scotia	408,124	420,619	424,454	0.9%	4.0%
New Brunswick	320,720	333,187	333,481	0.1%	4.0%
Quebec	3,645,637	3,832,506	3,859,997	0.7%	5.9%
Ontario	6,175,749	6,479,065	6,532,151	0.8%	5.8%
Manitoba	585,334	609,397	610,636	0.2%	4.3%
Saskatchewan	462,809	480,326	488,659	1.7%	5.6%
Alberta	1,854,043	1,955,929	1,966,810	0.6%	6.1%
British Columbia	2,211,929	2,341,646	2,367,686	1.1%	7.0%
Yukon	22,034	23,404	23,895	2.1%	8.4%
Northwest Territories	24,996	26,454	26,661	0.8%	6.7%
Nunavut	18,666	19,334	19,336	0.0%	3.6%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

² Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.



Average Weekly Earnings

The October 2021 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,328.93) was the third-highest in Canada, following the Northwest Territories (\$1,592.07) and Nunavut (\$1,495.99). Yukon's earnings figure increased 3.4% compared to the figure for October 2020, Canada's figure was up 2.7%.

Average Weekly Earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*excluding unclassified businesses*)

Geography	Oct '20	Sep '21 ^r	Oct '21 ^P	Sep '21 to Oct '21	Oct '20 to Oct '21
	<i>Current dollars</i>			<i>Percentage change</i>	
Canada	1,103.72	1,135.34	1,133.93	-0.1%	2.7%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,090.01	1,122.46	1,100.83	-1.9%	1.0%
Prince Edward Island	961.75	955.96	942.56	-1.4%	-2.0%
Nova Scotia	982.57	984.67	995.35	1.1%	1.3%
New Brunswick	1,000.52	1,018.39	1,013.97	-0.4%	1.3%
Quebec	1,055.14	1,072.96	1,074.31	0.1%	1.8%
Ontario	1,138.78	1,163.98	1,169.96	0.5%	2.7%
Manitoba	992.23	1,025.25	1,044.68	1.9%	5.3%
Saskatchewan	1,093.05	1,113.84	1,115.35	0.1%	2.0%
Alberta	1,187.42	1,230.99	1,227.97	-0.2%	3.4%
British Columbia	1,093.25	1,139.00	1,137.39	-0.1%	4.0%
Yukon	1,285.67	1,320.43	1,328.93	0.6%	3.4%
Northwest Territories	1,493.20	1,548.37	1,592.07	2.8%	6.6%
Nunavut	1,429.76	1,481.94	1,495.99	0.9%	4.6%

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.



Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in October 2021, there were 1,425 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 7.0%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

Geography	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
	Sep '21 ^r	Oct '21 ^P	Sep '21 ^r	Oct '21 ^P	Sep '21 ^r	Oct '21 ^P
	Number				Percentage	
Canada	988,315	964,310	15,793,500	16,219,280	5.9	5.6
Newfoundland and Labrador	7,805	8,615	192,820	198,540	3.9	4.2
Prince Edward Island	3,330	3,600	65,840	68,235	4.8	5.0
Nova Scotia	20,490	20,800	411,125	418,980	4.7	4.7
New Brunswick	19,185	14,890	331,035	311,915	5.5	4.6
Quebec	265,725	249,520	3,578,530	3,706,450	6.9	6.3
Ontario	357,115	370,540	6,077,430	6,230,285	5.5	5.6
Manitoba	26,005	25,355	558,260	583,745	4.5	4.2
Saskatchewan	21,900	19,100	449,595	475,225	4.6	3.9
Alberta	92,865	96,790	1,895,825	1,905,925	4.7	4.8
British Columbia	170,485	151,770	2,178,870	2,265,360	7.3	6.3
Yukon	1,400	1,425	18,825	18,965	6.9	7.0
Northwest Territories	1,355	F	21,015	21,055	6.0	F
Nunavut	F	595	14,330	14,600	F	3.9

F = too unreliable to be published

^r = revised; ^P = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.