



Payroll employment, earnings and hours, and job vacancies October 2022 (preliminary)

Released by Statistics Canada – December 22, 2022

Payroll employment

Preliminary **seasonally adjusted** estimates show that in October 2022, Yukon had 24,003 jobs¹, an increase of 450 jobs, or 1.9%, compared to October 2021 and a decrease of 113 jobs, or -0.5%, compared to September 2022.

Compared to October 2021, the largest increase in the number of jobs was in the Construction sector (365 jobs, or 22.8%), followed by the Trade sector* (69 jobs, or 2.3%), and the Arts, entertainment and recreation sector (57 jobs, or 17.2%).

Employment for all employees¹,

Monthly, seasonally adjusted (including unclassified businesses)

Geography	Oct 121	C 122 ^r	0 -+ 12 2 ^p	Sep '22 to	Oct '21 to
	Oct '21 Sep '22 ^r		Oct '22 ^p	Oct '22	Oct '22
	Per	sons (thousand	Percentage change		
Canada	16,899,543	17,700,160	17,694,794	0.0%	4.7%
Newfoundland and Labrador	210,300	218,457	218,636	0.1%	4.0%
Prince Edward Island	71,168	75,219	75,169	-0.1%	5.6%
Nova Scotia	423,767	440,920	439,904	-0.2%	3.8%
New Brunswick	332,799	347,448	347,774	0.1%	4.5%
Quebec	3,851,892	4,006,358	4,007,299	0.0%	4.0%
Ontario	6,527,024	6,848,949	6,845,984	0.0%	4.9%
Manitoba	610,514	633,223	632,373	-0.1%	3.6%
Saskatchewan	486,568	498,439	497,751	-0.1%	2.3%
Alberta	1,952,870	2,062,180	2,059,241	-0.1%	5.4%
British Columbia	2,363,463	2,497,292	2,498,381	0.0%	5.7%
Yukon	23,553	24,116	24,003	-0.5%	1.9%
Northwest Territories	26,434	27,449	27,788	1.2%	5.1%
Nunavut	19,190	20,110	20,490	1.9%	6.8%

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

* Includes retail and wholesale trade sectors

¹ The Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours (SEPH) estimates are produced monthly by integrating information from three sources: a census of payroll deduction records provided by the Canada Revenue Agency; the Business Payrolls Survey, and administrative records of federal, provincial and territorial public administration employment provided by these levels of government. These monthly estimates of the job numbers by detailed industry complement information from the Labour Force Survey (LFS), which is a household survey. The LFS includes people who are self-employed, as well as workers who take unpaid leave; SEPH does not cover these groups. Industry coverage for the LFS is comprehensive; SEPH excludes industry estimates for: agriculture; fishing and trapping; religious organizations; private household workers; and military personnel of defense services. The two surveys count multiple job holders differently. In the LFS, people with more than one job are counted only once as "employed"; SEPH counts filled positions on payroll, so each job is counted separately.

² Includes federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and First Nation or other Indigenous government level.

December 22, 2022





Average weekly earnings

The October 2022 preliminary average weekly earnings figure for Yukon (\$1,349.35) was the third highest in Canada, following Nunavut (\$1,574.73) and the Northwest Territories (\$1,554.21). Yukon's earnings figure increased 1.9% compared to the figure for October 2021, Canada's figure increased by 3.4% over the same time period.

Geography	Oct '21	Sam 122r	Oct '22 ^p	Sep '22 to	Oct '21 to
	000 21	Sep '22 ^r	061 22	Oct '22	Oct '22
	C	Current dollars	Percentage change		
Canada	1,133.31	1,171.47	1,171.60	0.0%	3.4%
Newfoundland and Labrador	1,101.74	1,155.64	1,165.18	0.8%	5.8%
Prince Edward Island	944.35	985.53	984.50	-0.1%	4.3%
Nova Scotia	990.34	1,000.59	1,033.15	3.3%	4.3%
New Brunswick	1,006.75	1,068.62	1,068.44	0.0%	6.1%
Quebec	1,074.54	1,117.19	1,123.07	0.5%	4.5%
Ontario	1,169.71	1,202.28	1,200.69	-0.1%	2.6%
Manitoba	1,031.96	1,066.33	1,075.20	0.8%	4.2%
Saskatchewan	1,120.01	1,154.13	1,144.25	-0.9%	2.2%
Alberta	1,220.28	1,264.89	1,259.32	-0.4%	3.2%
British Columbia	1,136.85	1,171.18	1,169.06	-0.2%	2.8%
Yukon	1,324.55	1,330.79	1,349.35	1.4%	1.9%
Northwest Territories	1,587.66	1,556.03	1,554.21	-0.1%	-2.1%
Nunavut	1,492.26	1,586.96	1,574.73	-0.8%	5.5%

Average weekly earnings¹ including overtime for all employees, Monthly, seasonally adjusted (*excluding* unclassified businesses)

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

¹ Earnings data are based on gross taxable payroll before source deductions.





Job vacancies

Preliminary **unadjusted** estimates show that in October 2022, there were 1,400 job vacancies in Yukon translating into a job vacancy rate of 6.6%.

Job vacancies¹ and job vacancy rate, Monthly, unadjusted for seasonality

	Job vacancies ²		Payroll employees ³		Job vacancy rate ⁴	
Geography	Sep '22 ^r	Oct '22 ^p	Sep '22 ^r	Oct '22 ^p	Sep '22 ^r	Oct '22 ^p
	Number			Percentage		
Canada	987,940	902,570	16,601,805	17,043,040	5.6	5.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	6,570	8,500	204,235	207,515	3.1	3.9
Prince Edward Island	3,030	2,990	70,470	71,740	4.1	4.0
Nova Scotia	23,075	22,010	430,725	415,260	5.1	5.0
New Brunswick	15,100	14,735	321,325	339,475	4.5	4.2
Quebec	243,700	217,770	3,719,810	3,853,115	6.1	5.3
Ontario	373,285	336,595	6,442,310	6,595,390	5.5	4.9
Manitoba	29,615	28,035	583,010	603,655	4.8	4.4
Saskatchewan	26,710	23,495	465,535	496,780	5.4	4.5
Alberta	103,630	107,985	1,987,425	1,999,290	5.0	5.1
British Columbia	158,925	135,450	2,319,770	2,403,325	6.4	5.3
Yukon	1,815	1,400	19,850	19,875	8.4	6.6
Northwest Territories	2,065	2,900	21,770	21,805	8.7	11.7
Nunavut	425	700	15,560	15,825	2.6	4.2

^r = revised; ^p = preliminary data

¹ Estimates are preliminary before the associated quarterly data are released.

² A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

³ Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) employment estimates may differ from Survey of Employment, Payrolls and Hours employment estimates because of calibration grouping and differences in scope and reference period. Additionally, JVWS data are not seasonally adjusted.

⁴ The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.