



## Job Vacancies, 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2019

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There were 1,065 job vacancies in Yukon in the third quarter of 2019, 77.8% of which were for full-time work; 83.4% for permanent positions. The majority of the vacancies (635) were in *Sales and service occupations* followed by *Occupations in education, law and social, community and government services* (135) and *Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations* (105). The number of job vacancies in Yukon translates into a job vacancy rate of 5.5%, the highest in Canada followed by British Columbia (4.5%).

Nationally, there were 562,910 job vacancies in the third quarter of 2019, 72.6% of which were for full-time work; 80.6% for permanent positions. The national job vacancy rate was 3.3%.

## Job vacancies, job vacancy rate and average offered hourly wage by province and territory, Third Quarter 2019

Geography	Number of job	Number of payroll	Job vacancy rate <sup>3</sup>	Average Offered
	vacancies <sup>1</sup>	employees <sup>2</sup>	(%)	Hourly Wage <sup>4</sup> (\$)
Canada	562,910	16,336,815	3.3	21.25
Newfoundland and Labrador	4,725	208,235	2.2	20.45
Prince Edward Island	2,405	68,115	3.4	15.20
Nova Scotia	13,435	407,640	3.2	17.65
New Brunswick	10,315	320,610	3.1	16.60
Quebec	137,530	3,660,430	3.6	20.00
Ontario	205,935	6,327,295	3.2	22.15
Manitoba	15,960	592,755	2.6	19.90
Saskatchewan	11,125	463,580	2.3	20.40
Alberta	52,890	1,982,050	2.6	23.30
British Columbia	106,260	2,252,350	4.5	21.30
Yukon	1,065	18,350	5.5	20.40
Northwest Territories	785	22,220	3.4	24.60
Nunavut	485	13,175	3.5	29.05

<sup>1</sup> A job is vacant if it meets the following conditions: it is vacant on the reference date (first day of the month) or will become vacant during the month; there are tasks to be carried out during the month for the job in question; and the employer is actively seeking a worker outside the organization to fill the job. The jobs could be full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, casual, or seasonal. Jobs reserved for subcontractors, external consultants, or other workers who are not considered employees, are excluded.

<sup>3</sup> The job vacancy rate is the number of job vacancies expressed as a percentage of labour demand; that is, all occupied and vacant jobs.

<sup>4</sup> The average hourly wage offered by employers for vacant positions. It excludes overtime, tips, commissions and bonuses. Salaries are converted to hourly wages based on information regarding the frequency of pay and the expected average number of hours worked per week. The offered wage may be different from the actual wage paid once the position is filled.

## Note(s):

Figures may not add up to totals due to rounding.

Full-time jobs are defined as those requiring 30 or more hours of work per week.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 'employee' concept used in the Job Vacancy and Wage Survey (JVWS) is comprised of full-time employees, part-time employees, as well as permanent, casual, temporary, and seasonal employees. It also includes working owners, directors, partners, and other officers of incorporated businesses, as well as employees who work at home or on the road but report to the location. The 'employee' concept used in the JVWS is meant to exclude owners or partners of unincorporated businesses and professional practices, the self-employed, subcontractors, external consultants, unpaid family workers, persons working outside Canada, and military personnel. It also excludes employees on unpaid leave, such as those on extended sick leave who are receiving insurance benefits.